TERMS OF SUSCRIPTION.
2 50 a year, in advance or \$3 00 if not paid within three months after subscribing.
No subscription received for less than 12 months.
No subscript permitted to discontinue his paper after the commencement of a subscription year, till the No subscription received for less than the commencement of a subscription year, till the expiration of said year.

Subscribers wishing their paper discontinued at the end of their subscription year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the

above terms.

We will pay the postage on letters containing Three Pollars and upwards, and money may be remitted through the mail at our risk. The Postmaster's certificate of such remittances half be a sufficient receipt therefor.

AM Letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed [post paid] to the Proprietors.

CIRCULATION of THE JOURNAL 1300

#### MAIL ARRANGEMENTS. Post Office, Wilmington. NORTHERN MAIL., by Rail Road, due daily at 1 P. M.,

and close at 10 every night. Southern Mail, by Steamer from Charleston, is due daily at 8 A. M., and closes at 11 A. M. every day. FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Rail Road, is due on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 9 A. M., and closes on same days at 10 at night.

FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Prospect Hall, Elizabethtown Westbrooks, and Robesons, is due on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays, at 9 A. M., and closes on same days

SMITHVILLE MAIL, by Steamer, is due daily at 8 A. M., and closes at 9 P. M. every day. TAYLOR'S BRIDGE, LONG CREEK, MOORE'S CREEK, BLACK RIVER CHAPSE, and HARRELL'S STORE MAIL, is due every Thursday at 6 P. M., and closes same night at 10.
Onshow Mail. Vin Topsail Sound, Stump Sound Sneed's Ferry, Jacksonville to Richlands, and returns via Bannerman's, is due every Monday at 4 P. M., and os esevery Thursday night at 10 P. M.

#### W. S. ASHE. ATTORNEY AT LAW, (OFFICE OPPOSITE COURT-HOUSE.)

Wilmington, N. C. Anapas this method of informing his friends that he has determined to return to the practice of the Law, and will be grateful for any business that may be confided to his hands. He will at present attend the Courts of New Hanover, Duplin, and Wayne. Hanover, 1849-21-tf

#### EDWARD CANTWELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

(Office in Nixon's Basement.) WILMINGTON, N. C., will be grateful for any business entrusted to him

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#### GEORGE W. DAVIS, Commission and Forwarding

J an 26, 1849--[20-tf

MERCHANT, DAVIS'S WHARF, South Water S reet, WILMINGTON, N. C.

WM. H. LIPPITT. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGIST

AND DEALER IN Paints, Oils, Dve Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent

Medicines, &c. &c., On Front street, between Market and Dock, two doors North of Messrs. Hart & Polley's, Wilmington, N. C. October 8, 1847-[4

#### W. L. SMITH. (LATE OF THE FIRM OF SANDFORD & SMITH.) AUCTIONEER

WILMINGTON, N. C. STORE on North Water Street, Parsley's block.

#### JOHN T. RUSS, INSPECTOR OF TIMBER AND LUMBER,

WILMINGTON, N. C. October 13, 1848--[5-y G. & W. A. GWYER,

Manufacturers and Dealers in CABINET FURNITURE, IN ALL ITS VARIETIES.

Bedsteads, Cots, Mattresses, Looking Glasses, &c. &c., Front street, near Market, Wilmington, N. C. GEORGE GWYER,

# T. F. ROBESON,

INSPECTOR OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

#### Dec 22, 1848--[15-1f MOODY B. SMITH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Has located in the town of Wilmington, N. C., and may be found at his office, opposite the Court-house.

M. B. S. will also practice in the Courts of Brunswick, Duplin, Columbus, and Robeson

#### Sept 29, 1848-[3-tf SCOTT, KEEN & Co. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

SUPERIOR READY MADE CLOTHING, Market-Street, Wilmington, N. C. Jan. 19, 1849[-19-1y.

JOHN WALKER, Jr., Auctioneer and Commission

Wilmington, N. C.

#### March 16, 1848.-[27tf CASHWELL & FLOSSOM, GENERAL COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS, Nos. 1 & 2, Dickinson's Buildings, North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C. Liberal Cash advances made on consignments of

Timber, Lumber. and Naval Stores.

#### April 6th, 1849 .- [30-1y WM. A. GWYER,

General Agent, Forwarding COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Wilmington, N.C., Will make liberal cash advances on consignments of Naval Stores and country produce generally \_\_\_ and Sands Iodide of Sarsaparilla, always on hand.

personal attention as usual. Office on Front street, near Market.

All business entrusted to him, will receive his

NOTICE. that he is prepared to do all kinds of CARRIAGE description, executed in a style not inferior to have all kinds of Blacksmith work done, in the opposite the Theatre. best manner and at the shortest notice.

September 22, 1848-[2-tf

well to buy no other, as my experience already proves the fact that a considerable saving will be made thereby.

April 27, 1849- [33-3m]

Work warranted.

Orders are solicited, and prompt attention wan Wilmington, N. C., 7

Oct 27, 1848. 5 7v5-13m

# Wilmington Journal.

JAMES PULTON, Editor. GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND LIBERTY. A. L. PRICE, Associate Editor.

VOL. 5.....NO. 38.

DR. SWAYNE'S



A DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP of WILD CHERRY. TELL IT IN GATH--PUBLISH IT IN THE STREETS

OF ASKALON ! The greatest Medicine in the known world. OF all the cures that have ever been recorded. we may safely say the annals of medicine cannot furnish one to surpass this, which now stands as a living proof of the curability of CONSUMP-TION, even when life had been despaired of. Read this extraordinary case:

DECEMBER 25th, 1848. DR. SWATNE—Dear Sir: Having contracted a severe cold, which settled upon my lungs, attended with a violent cough, pain in my side and dinary process of the law cannot be served upon breast, difficulty of breathing, I was attended by physicians of the first respectability, but my symp- six weeks in the Wilmington Journal, a newspascess formed in my lungs, and made its way thro' the said Kilby to make his appearance at the next my side, and discharged large quantities of poss term of this Court, to defend the said suit, or externally, so that my physician thought the power or functions of one of my lungs were totally

judgment final will be rendered against him.

Witness, James H. Jerman, Clerk of destroyed-therefore supposed the case entirely hopeless. This mournful state of things continued for a long time, until I was wasted and worn to a skeleton. I had tried a number of remedies, but all failed to do any good. But there still being a spark of hope left with me and my anxious parents, and having heard of the great virtues of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and its being approved of by physicians of the first eminence, I concluded to make a trial of it, and to my this day associated themselves in the publicagreat satisfaction, my cough gradually grew better, tion of the said paper, and in the Printing busithe hole in my side began to heal, and I am now happy to say, from a poor and almost hopeless skeleton, I have become healthy, and weigh more firm of Fulton & Paice. than I ever have. All my neighbors can testify to the above fact. ABRAHAM HUNSICKER,
2 miles from Skippackville, Skippack township,

Pennsylvania. Asthma of Eleven Years Standing, Permanently cured by Dr. Swayne's Compoun Syrup of Wild Cherry, after all other remedies had failed.

CINCINNATI, February 19, 1847. Dr. SWAYNE--This may certify that eleven years ago last fall, I was troubled with the Asthma, which increased upon me in defiance of all ment of their business. the remedies I could hear of, until the year 1839-'40, when I was obliged to leave my native New England for a milder clime, which had the effect to mitigate my sufferings for three or four years, ELIZABETHTOWN, Bladen County, No. Ca. COMMISSION MERCHANT, after which the disease increased until last winter. My sufferings were intense, almost beyond endurance, being obliged to sit up night after night, from inability to sleep in bed.

mediate relief. For the last six weeks I have not made to render his guests comfortable. felt the least symptoms of the Asthma, and feel confident that I am well of it, and that I have been

cured by the above named medicine.
Yours respectfully, J. W. Кылыт,
Walnut street, between 3d and 4th. Important Caution -- Read! Read!

There is but one genuine preparation of Wild Cherry, and that is Dr. Swavne's, the first ever offered to the public, which has been sold largely throughout the United States and some parts of der cover of some deceptive circumstances, in order to give currency to their sales. Each bottle Sound. TIMBER and LUMBER, of the genuine is enveloped with a beautiful steel Le added hereafter, so as to distinguish his prepa-

rations from all others. Swayne's Celebrated Vermifuge !

ly Medic ne ever offered to the public.' This remedy is one which has proved success ful for a long time, and it is universally acknowledged by all who have tried it to be fur superior ment of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods will be of-(being so very pleasant to the taste, at the same fered. time effectual,) to any other medicine ever employed in diseases for which it is recommended. the health of the patient is always improved by call and examine this stock, which will comprise its use even when no worms are discovered. Dr Swayne's Vermifuge has met with a degree of fafore been accorded to any medicine. It needs no will be under his superintendence. recommendation wherever it is known. To the fond mother, bending in sleepless anxiety over her wasting child, it will carry relief joy, and thankfulness; to all who are suffering from the diseases for which it is prepared, it offers a speedy res-

toration to health Remember! the genuine is purup in Square Bottles, with the portrait of Dr Swayne on each

label, also his signature.

The above valuable medicines are prepared onwholesale and retail, by
A. C. EVANS, Druggist,

Wilmington, N. C. Sam'l J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, N. C., and by most respectable dealers in medicines throughout

the United States. March 16, 1849--[27

SARSAPARILLA. Townsend's Sands (in quart bottles.) Sands, (small.) Webster's, Graffenberg's, Carpenter's, TRINITY SCHOOL.

W H LIPPITT. Druggist and Chemist.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS! THE subscriber informs his old friends and all B. SHERMAN would inform the public others in want of BLACK-SMITH work, of any

work, both in making and repairing. He has now work done at any other shop in N. Carolina or at on hand, a number of new CARTS and DRAYS, the North, that he continues to carry on the Blackmade in the best manner. He is also prepared to smith business at his old stand, on Princess-street,

Farmers, Turpentine and Timber makers, and Shop near Messrs. Hall & Armstrone's others, having OLD AXES that are useless to them, are informed that they can have them worked Mrs. Moons, of the city of New York, in the Milover, and warranted to be equal to new ones, and at much less cost.

WILMINGTON N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1849.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

DUPLIN COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, April Term, A. D. 1849. Sarah Merkel, Original Attachment-Le John Wilkinson. wied on the defondant's land.

TT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court hat the defendant has absconded, so that the orlinary process of the law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Journal, a newspaper printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying the said defendant to make his appearance at the next term of this Court, and defend the said suit, or indepent final will be an level or indepent final will be an level or indepent final will be an level or independent. or judgment final will be rendered against him.
Witness, James H. Jennan, Clerk of said
Court, at office, the third Monday in April. A. D.
1849.

J. H. JERMAN, Clerk, By B. F. Guany, Dep'y Ci'k. April 27, 1849-33-6t [Pr fee \$4 38]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,

DUPLIN COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. April Term, A D. 1849. Wm. Bryce & Co., Original Attacume...

Levied on the defendant's

ticles of personal property. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant has absconded, so that the orhim, it is ordered, that publication be made for toms become very alarming; there was an ab- per printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying Witness, James H. Jerman, Clerk of said Court, at office, the third Monday of April, A. D. J. H. JERMAN, Clerk,

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire establishment of the Wilmington Journal, have

JAMES FULTON,

By B. F. GRADY, Dep'y Cl'k.

F. & P. would avail themselves of this opporselves that no effort upon their part, shall be wanting to give entire satisfaction in every depart-

Public Entertainment, A. CARTER,

Cherry was a sovereign found furnished with the best the surrounding His STABLES are well provided with provender,

and attended by careful Ostlers. He has two large lots for the accommodation of April 6th, 1849--[30-3m

NEW HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT. THE subscriber would inform the public that he has just fitted up his place on the Sound, gen-Europe; and all preparations called by the name erally known as "Shandy Hall" and will. on or of Wild Cherry have been put out since this, un- about the 20th of April, open a house of entertainment, for the accommodation of visitors to the

His place is about 8 miles from Wilmington, engraving, with the likeness of William Penn and immediately upon the Sound, where boats ces will admit. thereon; also Dr Swayne's signature, and as a will be in readiness to carry company to any point further security, the portrait of Dr Swayne will they may desire. DUNCAN M. BRYANT. April 6, 1849-[30-tf

New Fancy and Staple

V. R. PEIRSON. AGENT. THIS new establishment will be opened on

As it is the determination of the subscriber to adopt the CASH system, he feels confident that t not only destroys worms, but it invigorates the the prices will be such as to convince all who whole system. It is harmless in its effects, and wish to purchase that it is to their advantage to all the latest styles of Spring and Summer Goods. Having employed Mr. E. Moore, an experienvor from the public, which has perhaps never be- ced merchant from New York, the establishment

V. R. PEIRSON. Agent for SETH HOARD. April 5, 1849--[30-1y

A House & Lot for Sale. THE subscriber offers for sale his House and Lot, situate at the head of Princess street. A comfortable dwelling House and a large framed Kitchen; a set of Stables, and a Well of as good, I'me above valuable medicines are prepared only by Dr H. Swarne, Philadelphia, and for sale, wholesale and retail, by the Sound, adjoining the lands of Jas. W. Johnson and REUBIN EVERITT. If the above named Also by J. & W. Johnson, Clinton, N. C.; property is not sold at prive sale, it will be sold at auction, on the 2d Monday of June Court, at the Court House, in Wilmington. Persons wishing to purchase will do well to call and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell. A bargain may be had.

April 20, 1849.-[32-tf] G. M. BISHOP.

8 miles West of Raleigh. Right Rev. L. S. Ives, D. D. Visiter. THE Summer Term of these Schools will mmence on Wednesday, the 6th June. A punctual attendance of the pupils is requested. For circulars, containing full information as to Terms &c., apply to the subscriber.
ALDER! SMEDES.

Rector of St. Mary's School. Raleigh, April 12, 1849 .- [32-3m

# MILLINERY.

MRS. PEIRSON having associated with her INSPECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE public are hereby notified that at the late County Court I was appointed Inspector of Proved pattern. These Ploughs are made by NED BEATTY, who is admitted to be the best of the latest styles and patterns, to which the latest styles and patterns, to which the latest styles and patterns. Front street, open a large assortment of Ladies Bonnets, Silks, Ribbons, Flowers, Capes, Collars, ing Hair, Fire Brick, &c. County Court I was appointed Inspector or Paovistons. I have entered upon the duties of my office, and will give prompt attention and despatch in the discharge of the same. I respectfully solicit the patronage of the community.

JAMES L. CORBETT.

N. B.—All articles inspected by me have my brand thereon, and consumers especially will do brand thereon, and consumers especially will do work warranted.

N. B.—Repaired in a neat and substantial style, and or other, as my experience already well to buy no other, as my experience already well to buy no other, as my experience already well and prompt attention wen are consistent of the season.

N. B.—All articles inspected by me have my brand thereon, and consumers especially will do work warranted.

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N. B.—All articles inspected by me have my brand thereon, and consumers especially will do work warranted.

N. B.—All articles inspected by me have my brand thereon, and consumers especially will do work warranted.

N. B.—All articles inspected by me have my brand thereon and vicinity cheappared and vicinity in the undersigned intends to make this establishment permanent, the Ladice of this city and vicinity in the undersigned intends to make this establishment permanent, the Ladice of this city and vicinity in the undersigned intends to make this establishment permanent, the Ladice of this city and vicinity in the undersigned intends to make this establishment in the undersigned intends to make this establishment was visit of which, for all whom it may conscious.

WHITE LEAD.

A firsh supply of prime white Ladice of this city and vicinity in the u

LIST OF BLANKS N HAND, and for sale at the JOURNAL OFFICE.

County and Sup. Court Writs de Subpœnas do Fi. Fas. County Court Scire Pacias Apprentice's Indentures Apprentice's Indentures
Letters of Administrators
Juror's Tickets
Peace warrants
Constable's bonds

Appeal Bonds
Marriage License
Guardian Bonds
Administrator's do

Military Ca Sas Notes of hand Checks, Cape Fear Bank Land Deads
do Branch Bank of the Negre Bends Warrents Ca Sas Ca Sa honds Notes, negotiable at bank Inspector's Certificates Bills Sale, Negro Certificates of Justices attending Court (C) Any blank wanted and not on hand will b

printed with the utmost despatch. Officers of the Courts and other officers, and all other persons, requiring blanks, or any other work in the printing line would do want to give us a call, or send in their orders. We are determined to execute our work well, and at the cheapest rates for cash. Callet the JOURNAL OFFICE

#### AGENCY

FOR THE SALE OF TIMBER, LUMBER, AND NAVAL STORES. THE subscriber respectfully announces to his riends and the public in general, that he will receive orders for the sale of TIMBER. LUMBER, and NAVAL STORES, and solicits a share of the public

He will at all times endeavor to give the quickest possible despatch to all business entrusted to his care. He will also have a large Timber pen and a good wharf at his command, where persons sending any of the above articles to market can secure the same till sold, at a moderate expense. Office on Hall's wharf.

MILES COSTIN. Dec 15, 1848[-14-1y

# J. T. SCHONWALD,

Botanic Physician. Murphy's building, 2d door from the corner of Princess and Water Streets, North side,
WOULD tender his thanks to the citizens of Wilness generally, under the name and style of the mington and the surrounding country, for the verification of Fultron & Paice. spectfully informs the public that he still keeps on hand a large and fresh stock of BOTANIC ME-DICINES, of his own manufacture, of purely vegetable composition. These medicines are universally known to possess virtues that have never been excelled by any series of medicines ever of cheaper than they can be obtained at from Northtunity respectfully to solicit a continuance of the fered to the public. They are effectual remedies public patronage so uniformly and liberally be- for consumption, coughs, colds, croup, whooping stowed upon the former firm, and pledge them. cough, cholera, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, cholic, gravels, liver and spleen complaints, dyspepsia, rheumatism, sick head-ache, piles, nervous diseases, worms, tetter, and all diseases of the skin.

itch, scrofula, all kinds of fever, &c. &c. ALSO .- Cn hand and for sale at manufacturer's Wilmington, Aug. 18, 1848.-[49-1y

The Merchant Tailoring RESPECT FULLY informs the travelling pub- WILL be continued as usual, under the superinrom inability to sleep in bed.

Last Fall I felt the symptoms earlier than usual

HOTEL in Elizabethtown, and will be pleased to in the season, but hearing that Dr. Swayne's Com- receive a portion of patronage. His Table will be Peirson, Agent, who has just returned from the North with a splendid assortment of goods in the HAS always on hand PIANO FORTES, from remedy for Diseases of the Lungs. I immediately country can afford. His Rooms are well furnishcommenced its use, and the result was almost im- ed with bedding. In a word, every effort will be tablishment of the kind, which will be made up to sell at the Factory prices. order in a style that cannot fail to please the most

The fancy department embraces all the new and elegant patterns and most desirable styles. Fancy Silk and Satin Cravats, Suspenders, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Shirts, Bosoms, Collars, &c. In addition to the above, a variety of ready-made clothing, manufactured by one of the most fashionable New York Tailors, which will be sold at

as low prices as can be found in either of the At- enables him to supply orders with promptness For the liberal share of patronage which has been extended to this establishment for many years, we return our unfeigned thanks, and promise that no efforts on our part will be spared to serve our customers as favorable as circumstan-

V. R. PEIRSON. Agent for SETH HOARD. April 5, 1849--[30-1y

# ICE---ICE.

"A safe and effectual remedy for Worms, Dyspepsia, Cholera Morbus, sickly or Dyspeptic children or adults, and the most useful Fami-

Our ICE HOUSE is open every morning, from sun-rice till breakfast bell-ring. Ice will also be retailed from Shaw's Drug Store, at all hours of the day. Citizens can procure it at any

We solicit orders from our friends in the country. Ice will be carefully packed and promptly Thankful for past patronage, we hope again to

merit the public support. SHAW & REPITON. April 13th, 1819.

JUST RECEIVED,

A large lot of Crockery Ware of every description. For sale cheap for cash, by [m25] PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

HOTCHKISS Vertical Water Wheels. W. BRANSON is Agent for the above Wheels this place. He will take pleasure in showing he castings to any person who may desire to see them. There will be found at his office a supply f Wheels, Cranks, or Gudgeons, at all times, for

Dec 29, 1818---[16-tf

Now landing from Schr. 1. P. Smith, a fine lot of No. 10, 11 and 60; and a few Corn Ploughs, Corn Shellers, and a very superior article of Straw Cutters, which will be sold very low for the Case only. PERRIN & HARTSFIELD.

Notice.

receiving them on their arrival, and during the time the vessels are discharging, as I will not be responsible for any goods after being landed.

GEORGE W. DAVIS.

25 "
25 "
M2]

LIME! LIME!! LIME!!! 1000 BBLS. landing; also, Hydraulic Cement; Calcined Plaster; Plaster J. C. & R. B. WOOD.

TERMS: \$2 50 in advance.

#### PULTON & PRICE. FEMALE ACADEMY. THE WINTER SESSION of this SCHOOL Peinters. ed on the 1st instant, under the manage ent of Misses Richardson and Snyden, Ladier

CORNER OF FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS eminently qualified to instruct in the various branches of Literature and Science, and who will WILMINGTON, N. C., consider themselves responsible, so far as their influence and instruction is concerned, for the best are prepared to execute PHINTING of every de scription, in a style equal to any

Students will be charged from the time of en-HAND-BILLS AND POSTERS No deduction made for absence, except in case Tuition has been reduced to the following rates

> We call the attention of our citizens, and the dially extend to them on invitation to give us a

Music, with use of Piano, 18 00 The Trust cs have provided a large and comdious Boarding House, which is kept by Mr. and Mrs. Morisey-persons well qualified to disbles.---FI-E PROOF.— Having completed my new Livery Stables, I am now ready

Board \$6 00 per month—one half in advance. Books, Music, Paints, Stationery, Canvass Crewell, &c., furnished to the students at a very small advance upon New York cost. J. C. SLOCUMB, Secretary [of Board Trustees.

Everittsville, Wayne county, January, 1849. Newbernian publish till forbid. VARNISH. Coach. Japan, and Copal Varnishes. Also,

Paint, Varnish and Marking brushes always on hand, and for sale by W H LIPPITT, D29] Druggist and Chemist. FRUIT TREES, &c. THE subscriber has removed his Nursery Es tablishment from Randolph county to Guilford county, near Greensboro', and solicits orders for Apple, Peach, Pear, Nectarine, and Apricot Trees, which he will furnish from 50 to 100 per cent. ern Nurseries. His intention is to make a reguextensive assortment of Shrubs and Flowers for sale, and he asks for his efforts such patronage as State pride and interest should prompt the people

EVERITTSVILLE

nterests of their pupils.

The government of the School will be parenta

The great object will be, to incite to virtuous conduct, by an appeal to the moral sense; and by du-

The Academic year will be divided into two

sessions, of five months each, with two vacations

two weeks in summer and six in winter. There

will be a public examination at the close of each

ly cultivating tenderness of conscience.

Primary English branches, per session, The same, including Geography, Gram-mar, Arithmetic, Composition, &c.

The above, including Natural and Mor-

al Philosophy, Astronomy, Botany,

History, Logic, Rhetoric, Algebra

rench, Drawing and Painting, and Or-

f protracted sickness.

Geometry, &c. &c.,

harge the duties.

of North Carolina to give him. His agent in Wilmington is Mr. J. WILKINson, who has some of his Trees for eale, and who prices, RHINEHEANDT'S patent glass pad double and single lever TRUSS for Hernia. THOS. H. FENTRESS.

December 22, 1848-[15-1y WILLIAM L. MONTAGUE, MUSIC SELLER. No. 158 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA.,

W. L. M. is daily adding to his already extensive

Catalogue of Music, THE NEW PLECES OF MERIT FOR VARIOUS INSTRUMENTS. He also receives all the new music published MARBLE MONUMENTS in the different cities of the United States, which

and despatch.

Teachers and country dealers supplied on the most reasonable terms. A general assortment of the various kinds of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, oth of domestic and foreign manufacture, for sale February 9, 1849-[22-6m]c

MUSLIN, EDGINGS. AND INSERTINGS. any time. which I offer at from 6 to 10 cents per yard. A large assortment, just received by the Mary Pow-

# Dec. 1, 1848-[12-tf Saddle, Harness, and Trunk Percy, or the Old love and the New. The Marrying Man.

MANUFACTORY. THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has recently received large additions to his hour of the night, (in case of sickness,) by calling stock of Saddle and Harness mountings, &c., of on Mr. Shaw, at his house, on Second-street, a few doors from Market-street. stantly manufacturing, at his store on Market The Dower House, a tale of by gone days, by street, formerly occupied by Guy C. Hotchkiss, every description of articles in the above line .-From his experience in the business, he feels confident that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to his customers, and all others who may favor him with a call. He has now on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of

Coach, Gig, Sulky, and Buggy Harnesses; Lady's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c.;

First past, Sequel to the myster First part, Ned Buntline's life.

Mike Fink, a legend of Ohio Gentlemen's Suddles, Bridles, all of which he will warrant to be of the best materials and workmanship. He has also a large

assortment of Trunks, Valises, Saddle and Carpet Bags, Satchels, fancy Trunks, &c., and all other articles usually kept in such estab-The Women of the American Revolution. lishments, all of which he offers low for cash, or A variety of School Books. on short credit to prompt customers. Raddles, Harness, Trunks, Medical Bags, &c.

&c., made to order.
REPAIRING of all kinds done with neatness and despatch. Old Saddles and Harness taken in part pay for new. JOHN J. CONOLEY. PLOUGHS, CORN-SHELLERS AND
STRAW-CUTTERS.

N. B.—All accounts standing on my book over six months, will be charged with interest. All persons indebted to the subscriber for last year will please call and settle, as by so doing they may prevent what would be disagreeable to them and unpleasant to him, as persons sometimes have to do unpleasant things in self-defence. J.J.C.

JUST RECEIVED. PER SCHR. URIANA, 200 pair Children Shoes; ONSIGNEES and owners of Goods, coming by any of the Packets consigned to my address, are hereby notified that they must attend to dress, are hereby notified that they must attend to "Ladies Lasting Gaiters; welted Ties;" welted Ties; 25 " kip pegged Boots. For sale by

GRAY & JONES. COUPER'S ISINGLASS.

THE above article is the best in use for making JELLIES. They can be made in the warmest weather without any difficulty, perfectly stiff and transparent, and when flavored with the extracts of Vanilla, Damask Rose, Lemon and Nutmeg, Rose, Peach or Orange flower water, they are unsurpassable. The above articles are for sale by W H LIPPITT, D29]

Drugght and Chemist.

WHOLE NO. 246.

# JOB, PAMPHLET, CARD AND ORNAMENTAL

Particular attention paid to the following kinds of LETTER PRESS PRINTING BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
BILLS OF LADING,
CARDS,
CATALOGUES,
CERTIFICATES,
CHECKES,
CHECKE

of any size, for Theatres, Concerts, Circus', etc. done without delay, in a manner that will give satisfaction, and on the most reasonable terms.

call for their work, assuring them that it shall be well done, and at a price to suit the times.
FULTON & PRICE. New Livery Sta-

to receive horses at livery, by the day, week, or My stables are situated on the corner of Princess and Third-streets, directly opposite the Courthouse, and very convenient to the business part of the town. They are built of brick, and covered with tin, which makes them entirely fire-proof. They are large, commodious, and well constructed; and in every respect as comfortable and convenient as any Stables in the United States. I also have, (for the accommodation of Drovers,)

dred horses, and shelter them well and comfortably. Horses, Carriages, and Buggies, kept constant ly for hire. My Hostlers cannot be surpassed in any country, and I therefore feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who favor me with their cus

a large and comfortable Lot, together with a base-

ment under the Stables sufficient to hold one hun-

I feel grateful to my friends and the public for their liberal patronage heretofore, and hope to meern Nurseries. His intention is to make a regu-lar business of it, and he also intends having an H. R. NIXON. Wilmington, N. C., December 11, 1847. 14tf

CHEAP BEEF, FOR CASH!

their advantage in first making application to tor in the United States. him, as he has made it a rule to pay the high- Irregularities in Children's teeth corrected and paying them Cash on the delivery. So there sary. is no longer the necessity of the Farmer driving his Cattle hundreds of miles to another market to ding. obtain a sale in which he can realize the Cash. N. N. B. The subscriber may always be found either at the Carolina Hotel, or, in market hours,

# at the Market House, at his Stalls Nos. 7 and 9. August 18, 1848—[49-tf

And Grave Stone Agency. THE subscribers are appointed Agents for one of the best and most extensive MARBLE Also a large Lot for the accommodation of YARDS in Connecticut, and will receive orders DROVERS. for Marble Monuments or Grave Stones, either lettered or not, which will be furnished at the shortest notice and most reasonable prices. We have received a variety of patterns, various

tyles with the prices, which may be examined at J. C. & R. B. WOOD, Builders and Contractors.

NEW NOVELS. Just received, at the Book Store, viz : The Poor Cousin, by Mrs. Pickering; certainly one of the most amusing and unsigned productions that has been issued for some time

The Haunted man and the Ghost's bargain, fancy for Christmas time, by Charles Dickens Mrs. Grey. The Renegade, a Historical Romance of Bor

in the way of light Romance.

The Old Judge, or life in a Colony, by Judge Haliburton, author of Sam Slick, the Clock ma First past, Sequel to the mysteries of New York Revenge, or the Robber of Guatemala, Anger, or the fire brand.

The Prince, or George St. George Julien. Notes of Travel in California. Gold Regions of California. The Priest of the Black Cross. Dombey and Son, bound.

# L. H. PIERCE. LAFAYETTE HOUSE.

THE subscriber takes this method of returning his thanks to a generous public for the hitherto liberal patronage he has received; and at the same time most respectfully informs his old customers and the public at large, that the LAFAYETTE HOUSE, next door above the Hanover House, and nearly opposite the Cape Fear Bank, on Front Street, (his old stand,) is still open for the reception of transient or steady Boarders. He will at all times be happy to wait upon those who line. shall favor him with their custom, and he will spare no pains to render them comfortable while they are with him. His table is furnished with the best the market affords.
His BAR ROOM, at the old well known Roca

DAVID THALLY. Sept 1, 1848[-51-1y FRESH BEEF! MUTTON! &c. &c. JAMES PETTEWAY, respectfully announces to the citizens of Wilmington, that he will resume the BUTCHERING BUSINESS in said town on or about the 10th of October next. He takes occasion here to return his thanks to his officustomers, and hopes by strict attention to the business to merit a renewal of their patronage.

He will andersor at all times to heart him. He will endeavor, at all times, to keep his stall at the new Market-house supplied with the best of FRESH BEEF, VEAL, LAMB, MUTTON,

SPRING, will be found at all times hands mely

filled up with the best of Liquors and Refresh-

and PORK.

Drovers will find it to shelf interest to call of frim before disposing of their stock.

Sept. 22, 1848.

WRAPPING PAPER.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA!

DIRECT! THE new A. I. copper fastened and coppered Live Oak and Red Codar built barque JOHN A. TAY:
LOR, Martin master, will sail as as bove early in April. She can take the bulk of 200 tons freight, and 100 passengers. For particulars, apply to GEO. W. DAVIS.

No advertisement, reflecting upon the private chi

racter of any individual, can, under ANY CINCOMOTAN

February 16, 1849. SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

Reduction of Price. THE subscriber having purchased from the estate of W. R. Galles, Esq., deceased, the entire Edition of Vols. 6, 7, and 8, Law, and Vols. 4 and 5, Equity, of Iredell's Reports of Cases decided in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, (from De-cember Term, 1845, to August Term, 1848, in-clusive, and including also the Equity Cases of the present Term of the Court,) has reduced the price from Six Dollars to Fire Dollars per volme; and is prepared to furnish them to Gentlemen of the Bar and to Bookeellers, except Vol. 3 of Equity, to be published in a few weeks, of which notice will be given. Orders for the whole, or for any one or more Volumes, promptly attended to.
And the Bar supplied on reasonable terms with public in general, to the above Circular, and cor. the previous Volumes of North Carolina Reports;

the previous volumes of and Law Books generally.

Bound copies furnished to the Profession, in E. J. HALE. Fayetteville. March 23, 1849-[28-tf

CARRIAGES. Market Street, about 300 yards above the

Episcopal (hurch. THE subscriber has on hand a large and general assortment of CARRIAGES, which he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms: Among which may be found, COACHES, BA ROUCHES, ROCKAWAYS, CHARIOTEES, DUNHAMS, PHAETONS, BUGGIES,

GIGS, SULKEYS, &c. Also, Harness of every description:
All orders in the above line thakfully received nd faithfully executed. Repairing done at short ALSO-Saddles; Bridles; Martingales; Bits;

Trunks; Carpet Bags, &c. &c., Which will be sold very low. ISAAC WELLS. May 11, 1849--[35

OOCTOR B. A. KENNEDY, Dental Surgeon, of the Baltimore College of Dental

Surgeons,
BEGS leave to tender his professional services the citizens of Wilmington and public generally, having determined on locating himself in this place. He is prepared to perform all operations in his profession on the latest and most approved principles. Incorruptible Artificial Teeth inserted on gold plate from one to an entire set. Whole THE subscriber respectfully informs the citi- upper sets inserted on the Atmospheric pressure zens of Wilmington, that he will keep constantly principle. Having made an improvement in this on hand, at Stalls Nos. 7 and 9, in the MARKET mode of inserting teeth, he confidently recommends it as answering the purpose of mastication. TON, LAMB and VEAL. His prices for Prime They can be taken out and put back at pleasure Beef, are from 61 to 81 cents per lb.: and all other by the wearer, be worn with comfort, and cannot meats from 8 to 10 cts. per pound.

THOS. O'CONNOR.

N. B. To Graziers and others having fine
Cattle and Sheep to dispose of, they will find it to

May 11, 1849-135-tf

To the Public.

TAKE this method of informing the public that I now occupy the Livery Stables formerly occupied by Mr. H. R. NIXON, and solicit the patronage of the public generally. All persons who may favor me with a call, may rest assure d

that their horses will be promptly attended to, as I flatter myself that I have the best of Ostlers.

W. T. J. VANN April 20, 1849-[32-14 JUST RECEIVED At the Book Store, the following New Novels: The Sea Lions, by Cooper, A Man made of Money, by Douglas Jerrold,

Mordaunt Hall, or a September night, by the author of Emilia Wyndham, Memoirs of my youth, by A. de Lamartine Ellen Wareham, or Love and Duty, by Ellen

Pickering. White's New Plantation Melodies, The American Joe Miller, the most amusing colection of witticisms ever published. ALSO.

Mason's Farrier; Macauley's History of Eng-Laneton Parsonage, 3 parts, Æsops Fables; Webster's Dictionary, una bridged,

Walker's Dictionary.
A variety of School Books.
L. H. PIERCE. \$25 Reward. THE subscriber offers the above reward to arry person who will apprehend and lodge in Jail his negro woman THURSDAY, and JOE, her son. Also, \$50 for sufficient proof to convict any person or persons of hurboring them. Said woman is tall, has a large stomach, and speaks very slow; she is of a bright yellow complexion. Joe is dark complected, and is from 6 to 7 years of age,

deceased, and come from Onslow county.

F. M. AGOSTINE. May 4th, 1849

and formerly belonged to James M. Thompson,

Orders No. 18. Head Quarters 30th Regiment N. C. Militia, WILMINGTON, N. C., 24th April, 1849. 1st-Order No. 17 & hereby countermanded. 2d -Commanders of companies are he eby or dered to hold an election for Liemenant Colonel on Saturday, the 2d day of June next.

3d—The officer highest in command, will superintend the election and make their returns to KOB'T G. RANKIN, Col. Com's.

JOHN J. HEBRICK, Adj't. May 4 1849-[34-5t Masonboro' Retreat. THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he still contito keep this well known House, on Masonho

He feels thankful for the patronage berrelefore bestowed, and assures the public that he pains shall be apared on his part to make the stay of

Lodgings
Liquous at the natial Wilmingdon prices.
Home feed 25c rech. JOHR A. BAVIS.
May 11—[35-1m]

A large sapply of GRAW LARTS on head for sale low, at the JOURICA OFFICE.

Supper Roust Oyslers

# WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

Friday, June 1, 1849.

olin county, is authorized to receipt for subs:rintions

ated a little north of the Rail Road Depot, and tional character. persons.

PREPARING AGAINST THE CHOLERA -The Commissioners of Navigation of this port have passed an ordinance to the effect that all vessels arriving at this port shall anchor at the visiting station below town, and there remain until authorized to come up, by a written permit from the Port Physician.

The Commissioners of Wilmington are have ing the town thoroughly cleansed and limed. All right.

on Tuesday evening, the 5th inst.

RECEIVED .- The London Quarterly for April. We have not had time to read any of his operations in the capture of that place are it so far.

Also, Godey's Lady's Book for June, a very pretty number.

adjourned its session from Nashville, Tenn., in consequence of the preva'ence of cholera. met in Charleston, S. C., on the 23d ult. The Rev. Wm. B. Johnson, D. D., of South Carolina, presided. The next meeting of the Con- Penon were turned, was of WORTH's sugges- dollars. vention is to be held in Nashville, Tenn., on tion. the 2d Friday in May, 1851. The delegation from North Carolina consisted of Rev. Messrs. J. J. Finch, N. A. Purify, J. J. Brantley, J. McDaniel, C. D. Ellis, I. Peterson.

FOR CALIFORNIA. - Doctors Wm. D. Cowan and Sam'l Langdon, and Thos. If. Ashe, esq., of this town, and Dr. Moore, of this county, left here on Saturday and Sunday last, in the steamer for Charleston, en route to California. They took passage on board the Falcon, at them a pleasant voyage, and a rich return for their hazardous undertaking.

Newbernian of Tuesday last, that the Federal Convention which met at Washington on the a wife and family to lament his death. 24th ult., have nominated as their candidate. JAMES W. BRYAN, Esq., a lawyer, of Craven Esq., a farmer, of Wayne county, the Democratic candidate

to the editorial department of that organ will epidemic, in a miserable frontier tour in Texas. give general satisfaction throughout the country, as Mr. Burke has already acquired an extry, as Mr. Burke has already acquired an extensive notoriety as an expounder of Democratic faith and doctrine, and for his peculiar ment of announcing to the army the death of Brevet Major General W. J. Worth, colonel knowledge of national affairs. For the political zeal which he manifested in the late Presi- 7th of May, 1849, at his post, San Antonia, dential campaign, and for that reason alone, Texas. he has met with the same fate of all the rest sad detriment of the "no-party" Administraof Gen. Taylor and his Cabinet.

Henry W. Miller, of Raleigh, has been appointed United States Attorney for the District of North Carolina, in the place of Duncan K.

When this appointment was made Mr. Mc-Rae, we are informed, was, and had been for weeks, confined to a sick couch, while the ory of the deceased, each post within his late office-hating-no proscription party were bu- georaphical department will fire minute guns, sily engaged with the generosity of camp-followers, on a battle-field in rifling the wounded and the helpless. How they must loathe the after the receipt of this order. spoils, that they thus, with indecent haste, exhibit their jackall propensities besi le the directed, will be worn for thirty days by the couch of sickness and of suffering. Was their officers or the army serving in the department desire for office really so inordinate that they regiment of which he was the colonel. must thus sacrifice common decency and propriety to the moloch of their rapacity? Could they not have waited a little? Perhaps notperhaps their hunger had grown too great .-But who is the appointee? The late Taylor elector in that district. Why, it is little M. C. Mordecai, the agent of the Falcon, had over six months since Mr. Miller was busily engaged in proclaiming from the stump, that Gen. Taylor would proscribe no man for opinions sake; and now we find this same Henry age. We understand she had about 70 passen-W. Miller and his friends, urging and obtaining the repoval of a man against whom nothing but his opinions could be urged. If Mr. McRae was a partizan, what, we would ask. is Mr. Miller? If this was a ground for removing one, why, in Heaven's name, remove ward : the other too. But why do we talk ?- when a party once breaks through all the restraints of solemn pledges and professions, it will stop at nothing, however disgraceful and revolting. don't belong to the victors, shall be suitably in the accomplishment of its designs.

LATEST FROM NEW ORLEANS .- We have been permitted to peruse a private letter from New Orleans, dated the 24th ult., to a gentleman in this town, which states that the water had reached the rear of the St. Charles Hotel, and that from appearances, the street in front of the Hotel was likely to be flooded by the next day. The cholera is on the decline, the new cases being easily checked.

Art-The small pox has broke out in Greensboro', N. C. The Patriot of the 26th ultimo, for the late Democratic triumphs in Connectistates that nine cases have occurred in that cut and Virginia is, that their opponents were that Gen. Taylor will have no party in the thority, that Wm. C. Rives, Req., goes out as 40wn, some of which were of a severe type. | all in Washington, begging offices.

of the most thrilling events in the history of now and then, as if at stated periods, a series ton Mercury, written by Dr. Invino, of that due for this paper at his office. Our bills may be found the nation, his name will live as long as men of such disasters will occur, almost simulta- City, which we transfer to our columns : cherish the remembrance of patriotic daring, neously, calculated to depress the energies of FIRE .- An alarm of fire on Saturday last, and thrill at the narration of events which any other people. Within the last two months, proceeded from a large wooden building, situ- have thrown a halo of glory around the na- as much property has been lost by fire and

used as a Lampblack manufactory. The buil- It is said that Worth was engaged in as could hope to gather from California in as sissippi, "The Father of Waters." ding, together with all the fixtures, &c., was many battles, and participated in more victo- many years. It is true, and it is a pleasing totally destroyed. The energetic exertions of ries, than any other American officer. The circumstance in connection with such losses, the firemen were successful in saving the sur- commencement of the war of 1812, found him that the burned districts always rise rapidly them are the great rival Panoramas of the rounding property. The Distillery of Mr. a clerk at Albany, N. Y. He then entered the from their ashes with additional permanency Jeffreys was in considerable danger, and no- army as a private, but did not long remain in and increased splendor; but still the materials other by J. R. Smith. The former has, by of Smith O'Brien and McManus, have been thing but the greatest exertions saved it. The the ranks. A petition which he wrote in fa- for their restoration must be drawn from the loes is estimated at about \$5,000. The estab- vor of a brother soldier, attracted the attention common fund, and the means of improvement lishment was owned by five or six different of the commanding officer, Scott, and led to and extension diverted to the purposes of re-WORTH's appointment as Lieutenant in the placement. The chief cause of this fatality 23d regiment. At Chippewa he won the rank we conceive to be the fact that so consideraof Captain; at Lundy's Lane that of Major. ble a portion of our large towns, especially in The speedy conclusion of peace prevented his the South and West, is built of wood, while further advance at that time. After the peace the comparative immunity of European cities he was for some time Superintendent of the consists in the exclusive employment of stone Military Academy at West Point. In 1824, or brick as a material in the construction of he was appointed a Lieutenant Colonel; in their edifices. But still, not a little of it may 1832, a Major of Ordnance, and in 1838, Colo- be imputed to the extreme hurry and carelessnel of the 8th regiment of infantry, the rank ness which characterize our people, who, he held at the time of his death. In 1841, he seemingly forgetful of the maxim that a penny succeeded to the chief command in Florida, saved is a penny earned, adopt hardly any INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT MEETING -The and obtained the brevet rank of Brigadier Gen- precautions against the ravages of fire. We Central Rail Road Convention meets at Salis- eral, in recompense for his bravery at the bat- could hardly name one city or large town in bury on the 14th inst. We have received a tle of Polaklaklaba, near the St. John's river, the United States which, within the last ten letter from a leading friend of the Road in the fought with the savages on the 17th of April, years, has not lost enough money by fires to Western part of the State, dated at Salisbury, 1842. When Taylor was sent to the Mexi- keep up a preventive force twice over. requesting us to urge upon our people the can frontier, Worth was ordered to join him, propriety of being represented in that Con- but missed the battles of the 8th and 9th of vention. The people of that section, our cor- May, by having gone to Washington to resign respondent says, look to Wilmington to lend his post in consequence of a contest for preceat least her sanction to the work, if no dence between him and Twiggs, on account more. He seems sanguine in his anticipations of Worth's brevet rank. Hearing, however, of the Road being made. We would suggest of the outbreak of hostilities, he immediately to our citizens the propriety of holding a mee- withdrew his resignation and hurried back to ting for the purpose of appointing delegates, the seat of war, where he made ample amends for his previous absence. He has always been considered as the real hero of Monterey, and unsurpassed in brilliancy by anything in the history of the war. He was among those withdrawn from Taylor and placed on Scott's The Southern Baptist Convention, which | fought with distinction at Cerro Gordo, Chu- | weighed 2000 pounds. rubusco, Molina del Rey, and the gates of Mexico, which he entered simultaneously with

> On the march to Mexico, an unfortunate difficulty occurred between Scott and WORTH, which marred a friendship that had subsisted for thirty-five years. But now let us hope that all animosities are buried in the grave, and that the illustrious living is among the sincerest mourners for the gallant dead.

The virtues of WORTH were those of the man-whole-souled, chivalric, and generous. handsomest and most dashing soldier in the ulation should be computed in this way. American army, his imposing presence and consequently, fifty-five years of age. He leaves

the General, are described with a few touches crew, she had \$200,000 in gold on board. 05-The late Commissioner of Patents, ED- of a bold pencil. Who that watched his glo-MUND BURKE, will become associated with rious career in the battlefields of Mexico, Mr. Ritchie, in the publication of the Union. where he passed unscatched through fire and on this day, according to a prospectus in that blood, as though he bore a charmed life, paper of the 29th ult. We think this addition | could have pictured him dying by a loathsome

> The painful duty devolves upon the departof the 8th regiment of infantry, who died the

General Worth entered the army a lieutenof the Democratic office-holders. But as he is ant in 1813, and served with distinguished now in the possession of a proper medium whole life has been devoted to the service of through which to lash and goad his enemies, his country. He has been charged with mawe expect that he will make use of it to the ny conspicuous and important commands; and his brilliant and successful conduct in the campaigns of Florida and Mexico was rewartion. by exposing to the world the hypocrisy ded by promotion to the two highest grades in the army : and now. while in the performance of the responsible duties of military commander on the Mexican and Indian fron- surrender. tiers of Texas, his long, useful, and patriotic career is suddenly terminated. His loss, as a soldier of superior merit, and a gentleman of high personal accomplishments, will long be

severely felt. As appropriate military honors to the me (thirteen) commencing at 12 o'clock m., and display the national flag at half-staff, from the same hour, till sun-down, on the day next

The usual badge of mourning, if not already late under his command, and by those of the

R. JONES Adjutant General

Steamship Falcon.-This fine steamship from New York for Chagres, via this port and Havana, arrived off the bar yesterday. a steambout outside in waiting, and at a little port, for Chagres, were put on board the F., and she immediately proceeded on her voygers on board .- Charleston Courier, 30th ult. Four of the five passengers were, we presume, Drs. Cowan, Langdon, and Moore, and

Mr. Ashe, from this place. The Boston Post offers the following re-

" Any person who will bring to this office satisfactory proof that any whig newspaper has argued, or that any whig even thinks, since the election of Taylor, that the spoils rewarded.

We will join the Post in the above reward. ACQUITTAL OF REV. THOS. J. BURROUGHS -The jury in the case of Rev. Thomas J. Burroughs, tried for manslaughter in causing the death of James Bryan Bishop, at Snow Hill, in February last, by shooting him with a pistol, have returned a verdict of acquittal, justifying the killing upon the ground of self-de-

REASON FOR IT .- The last reason assigned

FIRES. &c.-Perhans no country in the STOCKWELL'S PANORAMA OF THE MIS

GREAT FIRE IN CHINA .- News has reached Canton 🗬 a great fire in Kwai-lain, the Capital of the Kwanse Province. It is said that over four thousand houses have been destroy ed. Many people have perished.

STRANGE COMBINATION OF FIGURES.—The official returns of the election in the 13th Congressional District of Virginia, presents a combination of figures rarely equalled. The Democratic vote is made up of four 4's-4444-the Federal vote is four 2's-2222consequently the majority again is four 2's-

Some Pork .- A hog was recently butcherline, prior to the battle of Buena Vista. He ed in Broom County, New York, which

DEBT OF FRANCE.—The National debt of France is 7,329,689,486 francs, or about fif-Gen. Quitman. The march on Mexico, by teen hundred millions of dollars; that of Engwhich the impregnable fortifications of the land is more than four thousand millions of

CONTRADICTED.—The New York Express contradicts the report, that Macready had con ributed one thousand dollars for the relief of he innocent sufferers, by the late riot in that

POPULATION OF CHARLESTON .- The recent census of Charleston, makes the population of that city about twenty-eight thousand. A writer in the Evening News, says, that, in-His failings were those of the soldier, at times, cluding the Neck, Charleston contains fifty Charleston. With all our heart do we wish perhaps, passionate or overbearing. The thousand inhabitants, and insists that the pop-

LATER FROM SAN FRANCISCO.—A letter redaring courage won him the title of the Murat ceived at New York from San Francisco, said EIGHTH DISTRICT.—We learn from the of the army. He was born in 1794, and was, to have been written by a Government officer, ture, its principal charm, to my eye, consists them. dated 31st March, represents the gold as more abundant than ever. The writer himself found TRIBUTE TO WORTH.—We take pleasure one piece of pure gold weighing 21 ounces. in laying before our readers, the following The steamship California was still at San county, in opposition to William K. Lane, just and beautiful tribute to Gen. Worth. The Francisco, but would soon leave. She would character of the gentleman, and the merits of probably be manned wholly by an amateur

> LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.-The royal mail steamer Severn arrived at Mobile on the 21st ult., in four days from Vera Cruz.

She brings one hundred and forty-seven thousand dollars in specie. The Severn brings news from San Francis-

to to the 9th of April, confirming previous accounts of the abundance of gold. Gambling and inebriety were on the increase. Provisions at the placers were still very

In some parts of Mexico, whole towns have

been deserted by men who have gone to the gold mines. At Valparaiso, the same rush for the gold mines has taken place; nearly all the merchants are preparing to go, and propose meet-

ing in Monterey on the 1st instant, to form a Constitution for California. Commodore Jones has offered a pardon to all deserters, sailors and marines, who may

The Severn left at Vera Cruz the United States ship Saratoga, to sail for Pensacola in a few days.

CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS.—We learn from the Raleigh Register, that Maj. Wm. J. Clark, of Raleigh, has declared himself a candidate ceit,) for Congress in that District.

Mr. We see it stated that Mr. Kerr, Fed., in the 5th district, declines being a candidate for Congress, in opposition to the Hon. A. W. Venable.

10-It is reported that the President has determined to send out two national vessels in earch of Sir John Franklin.

The Fayetteville Observer says that "it s now impossible to get rid of" " what seems to be proscription" "for opinion's sake"-Then you, Mr. Observer, acknowledge that (the flame too soon extinguished) the dark embefore 12 o'clock, five passengers from this you were deceiving the people, when you blem of her fears. preached to them during the last Presidential campaign, that the Whig alias Federal party were opposed to proscribing honest and faith-

> SENSIBLE TO THE LAST .- The Wisconsin Tribune says that Mrs. Booth, aged seventytwo years, recently gave birth to a fine healthy son! The husband, John Booth, is only eighty ment of his genius and perseverance, the ob- Provinces. years old.

The Board of Directors of the Bank of Favetteville, have chosen John D. Starr, President, and Wm. G. Broadfoot, Cashier.

POPULATION OF GREECE .- A recent census makes the population of Greece 993,351.-The census was taken by order of the Grecian

having broken out at Chagres. Several cases had occurred.

A NO PARTY PRESIDENT .- The last explanation of the phrase a no party President, is -" We understand, from unquestionable aunext Congress.

occupied a more prominent position in the eye world loses as much by fires and other acci- PI.—This magnificent Painting is now being of the country, and none possessed a deeper dents and casualties, as the United States .- exhibited at the Theatre in this place, under hold upon its affections than Gen. WM. J. Hardly a day passes in which we do not hear the superintendence of Mr. WESTON. We later intelligence from Europe. The Caledo-WORTH. Allied to the recollection of some considerable confingration; and every find a description of the painting in the Charles-

> It is truly a grand and interesting exhibif our country, as seen throu ateamboat disasters as the wildest imagination of the Union, on the Banks of the Great Mis-

> > oramas have become very pop late. There are now, in London, no less than seven or eight, attracting crowds, and two of Mississippi River, one by Banvard, and the command of her Majesty, been recently un rolled in Windsor Castle, and received the approbation of the Queen and her Court: but from all accounts, it cannot compare with Mr. Stockwell's, either in the extent of country effect in June. It is said that Duffy's proseculelinested; the truthfulness of the scenes; or in the personal labor bestowed upon the original drafts, and the transferring of the same, subsequently, to canvass.

Stockwell's extends from the Gulf of Mexi co, to the Falls of St. Anthony. Banvard's no further than from N. Orleans to St Louis a point where, in our opinion, commences the most interesting portion of the river, passing through scenery that can scarcely be surpassed, for wilderness and romantic beauty, in any part of the world; awakening, as it can never fail to do, in the coldest bosom, a long train of poetical and political associations! It takes no great effort of the imagination.

as the picture glides along, to fancy ourself

in a steamboat on the bosom of the great river itself, gazing upon the rich and varied scenery that lines its shores, "ever changing, ever new." The more we gaze, the more 'rapt we liation between Pope Pius and his people." become, as in their progress before us, we catch a glimpse of some lovely spot, embosomed in some little nook in tranquil beauty: smiling vallies, stretching back as far as the eye can reach, in pensive quietness between mountains of the same height and hue, watered, here and there, by little streams, that make the prairies evergreen; or, as we behold, in their sterner grandeur, perpendicular cliffs, grand, lofty, well wooded at their base, but sometimes with rugged belts of rock around them, peculiar to this region, looking down like armed men, upon the stream, that lies at their feet, like a cradled infant in its sleep, all unconscious of their frowns; these, again, gradually give way to a succession of sloping hills, covered with trees of riches foliage and most gorgeous hues!

In another moment, "in wonder and amaze-ment lost," we behold on all sides around, the rapid march of internal improvement. On the river is an endless variety of water crafts, from the majestic steamer to the light cance! The genius of solitude, as a graceful writer remarks, no longer revels in the luxuriant wilderness of the western prairie! The fertile places of nature are enriched by the offerings and the contributions of art! Where all was recently rude, innumerable spires lift up their summits to the skies, like guardian spirits, pointing the way to Heaven! At short intervals from each other, towns, villages and mighty cities arise, and we feel that man, social man, throughout the boundless scene, Holds chartered range and free prescription sway."

The scenic effects are all excellent, and with view to give the exact counterpart of nature. he artist has happily conceived the idea of exhibiting the scenery under the several as- former. pects of sunrise, sunset, moonlight, fog and These several variations from the broad light of mid-day, keep alive the attention, the mimic representation being rendered with striking fidelity and fine artistic effect -But, above all else that is calculated to fascinate the spectator with this truly grand picin the feelings excited by it as we enter the

surveyed." From every meadow; from every rock; from every "hill of deer;" from the wide waters and the depths of air, comes a still small voice of other days, sinking into the heart with a sweet and gentle sympathy. The illusion is managed with such effect that we seem to be transported bodily to the wigwams and the hunting-grounds of the aboriginal lords of the soil, smoking with them the calumet of peace! old Indian Chief, like the famous Leather Stocking in the Pioneers, stoic though he was, with one hand wiping the large tear-drops from his cheek, that would start in spite of himself, whilst with the other he waves a long sad farewell to the graves of his wives and children he was about to turn his back upon forever!

From the mouth of the Ohio up to the head of navigation, the natural scenery is grander laws. Austria demands that Hungary, even band of Indians had just made a descent upon and bolder than below, and the artist has displayed a corresponding freedom of design and touch in his execution. There is more boldness in his pencil, and warmth in his coloring, and he has made his selection of objects with an eye to greater pictorial and poetic beauty, infusing into the views he has represented that enchantment of scenery in the foregroundthat dreamy outline of dim perspective, which might be expected from an artist who is a poet as well as a painter Poetry and painting are kindred arts; and Mr. Stockwell, in the finish that characterises his delineation of the beauties of the Upper Mississippi, has certainly evidenced that they are so-in his case at least. The Falls of St. Anthony are deeply interesting. Until within late years, few were the those who were murdered. pale faces" to be seen in this vicinity. Its

" Laughing as they dance along." come bounding down the declivity like wild horses, affrighted and snorting, leaping from point to point, rock to rock, as if they perceived, and were hastening to join, their com-panions grazing in the rich pastures below. Often has the Indian hunter laved his wearied limbs in these dashing waters, and thanked the great Spirit for his strength restored.

Often perhaps has the Indian maiden, loving and loved, bent her steps to the margin of these very Falls, and like the Hindoo, on the sacred Ganges, trusted her little bark of flowers to the waves, with a flickering flame, the will, therefore, be linked to Austria only by and a woman and two children taken captive. then bright symbol of her hopes, but often a personal union, having its own army and

These are only a tithe of the thoughts, that flit across the mind, as we view the scenes so charmingly presented by Mr. Stockwell. We can, therefore, unhesitatingly recommend his ful office-holders, and that Gen. Taylor had Panorama to the public, not only as a work "no enemies to punish, no friends to reward." of poetic beauty, but of art, and true to nature, deserving a very liberal support!

The work has cost the artist years of labor; but the time spent, and the expense incurred, need not be regretted. Mr. Stockwell must soon attain by so solid and gigantic a monuject of his very laudable ambition-fame and fortune.

We must not omit to mention, that the proprietor has associated with him, Mr. Weston. well known and much respected in our community, from having supported a dignified role on our boards, as a well graced actor, and who known to all who have travelled it, is very has subsequently filled the office of stage man-ager at the St. Charles Theatre in New Or-reason of the sand. It is proposed to make a leans. This gentleman " is as good as a chofirm track, by covering the sand with loam and truly painful—placed as they are upon an exrus," and describes the topography of the other material brought here by vessels in balrus," and describes the topography of the other material brought here by vessels in bal-CHOLERA AT THE ISTHMUS.—The latest sive Panorama, in such a graceful manner, as About one thousand dollars have been raised dates from Panama, represent the Cholera as to add considerably to the interest of the ex- by private subscription to effect the object. Charleston, S. C., May 23, 1849.

The Washington Union of Saturday says Minister of the United States to Paris."

ARRIVAL OF THE CALEDONIA. Important from Europe.—By the arrival of

The bill for the modification of the navigation laws has been passed in the House of Lords by a majority of ten votes in favor of is to open the direct trade to or from Great River and the scenery thereon, are now being responsibility, consider Britain, or any of her colonies, to the shipping of all nations, who will reciprocate the scription of the effect produced on the mind, same advantages to British shipping. The would be impossible; to one who has traveled brought before the House of Lords, in the case thrown out, and the judgment of the Queen's Court in Ireland stands affirmed. The sen- ting to induce persons to patronize them. tence of transportation will probably go into His elecutory powers-his clear enunciation, tion will be abandoned.

The French expedition to Rome has met with resistance, and been repulsed with considerable loss. The following answer to the demand of the Roman Constitutional Assembly, for some reason for the occupation of and to seek to put in train a perfect reconcil-

Civeta Vecchia, and informed Oudinot that if lished, and then the meeting adjourned. he persisted in entering Rome by force, they would blow up St. Peter's, the Quirinal, and the Vatican, which were already undermined. According to some accounts, the French penetrated almost to the centre of the city, but were stopped by Vairicalle, and driven out. Other accounts say that all the fighting took place outside of the city. All that is certainly known is, that they did meet a repulse. which was totally unexpected. That the French will be reinforced and ultimately prevail, there can be no manner of doubt, but that the matter will end there, no man of common sense can dream. The French have been wounded upon their most sensitive point—the military glory of the nation-and will pour in troops to vindicate their honor upon the old battle-fields of Napoleon, with the avowed purpose of counteracting the influence of their ancient competitors, the Austrians. The result, in the present state of things, no man can

Serious riots have occurred at various points throughout Germany-at Dresden, Berlin, Leipsic, Breslan, and Coblentz, there has been severe fighting between the people and the

The Hungarians continue to be uniformly whom they have driven out of Hungary .-Even with the help of the Russians, it would seem that Austria cannot do anything with

Indian Territory, where the feet of the red a joint note of the Courts of Great Britain and men so lately trod, " Monarchs of all they France has been addressed to the Cabinet of St. Petersburgh, intimating their disapproval said interference be withdrawn.

THE HUNGARIANS.-Very few, we believe who read the accounts of the struggle between So far as we can see, it is this: The title of the Emperors of Austria has heretofore been-Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary"the Emperor being crowned separately for Hungary as an independent Kingdom. The Hungarians have a'l along enjoyed their separate nationality—their own dice and their own to the sacrifice of its ancient independence. shall be incorporated into the Austrian monarchy. Hungary demands that her independence shall be recognized. Kossuth, Gorgev. Bem, and Dembinski have agreed upon the following terms:

"1. The recognition of the kingdom of Hungary in its ancient limits, including Croatia, Slavonia and the military boundaries. 2. Union with Transylvania as decided upon by the Hungarian diet at its sitting last year. 3. General amnesty for the whole of Aus

ners, and indemnities to the families of 4 Transmission of all the Hungarian regilaughing waters, (according to the Indian con- ments serving in Italy and elsewhere throughout the empire to Hungary.

5. Recognition of the Hungarian constitution of 1848. 6. Hungary shall remain under the government of a provisional executive administra-tion, elected from among the diet, until the hereditary succession shall have been legally restored, and the king who shall have

elected shall be crowned at Budo-Pesth, and sworn to the constitution 7. Galicia shall stand in the same relation to the Austrian federal state as that in which Hungary now stands, and will stand under the name of the Polish kingdom of Galicia; it the rancho Santa Olaya two men were killed ments at least are unsoiled, and her honor un-

its own finances. 8. The participation of Hungary in the Austrian nationa! debt shall be decided by the Hungarian diet by majority."

It will be observed, that these terms also provide for the Polish dominions of Austria, and, indeed, the movement is as much Polish arrows, and left her on the ground weltering are Poles. This circumstance accounts for the anxiety of Russia to put down the patriots, as it begins to tremble for its own Polish

An Intended Improvement .-- A number of public spirited citizens have taken in hand, are rejoiced to hear of the escape of Mr. Bangs with a determination to accomplish it, the improvement of the Newbern road, as far at least In another column appears the report of the proceedings of a meeting held by the subscribers.—Chronicle.

We understand that the U. S. ship Indepen-

must prom Europe.—By the arrival of must make an apology for intruding myself which we find in the Washington Union. later intelligence from Europe. The Caledo- upon your time, consideration and columns; but the object will be a sufficient excuse for the cause of my present intrusion. To come to facts, I wish the citizens of Wilmington to to facts, I wish the citizens of Wilmington to lor has taken no part in the appointments become acquainted with the moving Panorama made by his cabinet officers. of Mr. Stockwell, the artist whose wonderful the Ministry. The object of this modification and magnificent paintings of the Mississippi exhibited at our Theatre. To give a full deto nature, and the explanations made by Mr. Weston, are in themselves sufficiently interescombined with his anecdotes, relating to each particular view, would alone be sufficient to gratify the minds of the most fastidious .-They are both gentlemen, morally and in-

tellectually considered. At a meeting of the subscribers to the plan of improving the Newbern road, held at the Civita Vecchia by a foreign armed force, ex- Masonic Hall last evening, on motion of J. A. plains the ostensible grounds of the French in- Taylor, Esq., Jas. T. Miller, Esq., was called and evil which is inseparable from their very tervention in Italy :- " The first reason was to the Chair. After various suggestions to the nature. To suppose that they will feel conto preserve the Roman States from Austrian meeting by Messrs. Taylor, Polley, Conoley, invasion, which had already advanced. The and Burr, it was moved and carried that the second was to ascertain precisely what were Chair should appoint a Committee of three, have opposed them, or who have stood calmthe sentiments of the people as to what form who shall have full power to collect subscrip- ly by while the struggle was going on, is to of government was most convenient for them, tions and carry on the work in a thorough manner. Messrs. E. P. Hall, S. P. Pelley, but here and everywhere else, begin to be thoand J. J. Conoley, were accordingly appoint-The Assembly having resolved to oppose ed by the Chair as such a Committee. On &c. &c. the entrance of the French, planted cannon at motion of J. A. Taylor, Esq., it was ordered the gates and along the roads leading from that the proceedings of the meeting be pub-

J. R. BLOSSOM, Secretary. May 29th, 1849.

Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road. The above enterprise with which, comparatively speaking, few of the citizens of this portion of the State are familiar, goes bravely on. This Road, when finished, is destined to

We have been kindly permitted to make the following extract from a letter received here from a gentleman connected with the road: "Our Road is gett ng on gloriously; the whole line is now under contract for grading. and a great deal of the timber is contracted for

-all for stock. 'I venture to say that the Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road will leave its sister Roads now in course of construction in the State, far behind. The Board of Directors have restricted us to the use of iron weighing not less than 51 lbs. per linear yard-the weight of that used on the Camden Branch The Road passes over a tolerably level country, giving us but a few heavy cuts or empankments, and our maximum grade only 30 Swamp and River at an elevation of about 25 feet, a distance of two miles. Our Bridge

across the river is to be built upon stone piers "This Road has been attracting but little military; generally to the disadvantage of the attention in the State, but it has been pursuing the 'even tenor of its way,' gradually acquiring strength, till now it craves no attention When the Legislature of North Carolina again uccessful in their opposition to the Austrians. meets, we will receive from that State the sub

> This Road is to be built; mark my word. Columbia Daily Telegraph. From the N. O. Picayune, May 24. FROM TEXAS.

the steamship Globe, Capt. Elery, from Braevery little island that gems the river; from of the intervention of Russia in the contest be- zos Santiago the 19th, and Galveston the 21st tween Austria and Hungary, and insisting that instant, we have received the Brownsville Flag of the 15th, and the Galveston papers to the 21st, inclusive.

We deeply regret to learn that, from the exthe Austrians and Hungarians, as detailed in adapted to cope with the ferocious tribes of have myself seen negroes writing in the pasthe Foreign news, are acquainted with the wild Indians in that region of country being sages of the Departments, directing packages, We think we see on "the Solitaire Peak" the grounds of the quarrel or the objects in view. available, an irruption of Camanches has lately taken place, attended with the most awful fenceless fellow-citizens. The following, from from Tennessee recommended one of the ne-

the melancholy tale: "On Thursday last, our town was thrown into great excitement by the arrival of an express from Palo Alto, announcing the startling facts which have lately transpired." ntelligence that a numerous and formidable that place, and had already committed many acts of startling and savage barbarity. The stage from Point Isabel had been intercepted: and the proprietor, Mr. Bangs, and Mr. Lombardo, a passenger, were taken prisoners. A train of transport wagons had also been captured between Brownsville and Point Isabel containing much valuable merchandize.

" Such of our citizens as were able to procure horses speedily repaired thither, but their numbers were too small to do more than defend the settlement of Maj. Taylor; pursuit was impracticable. The commandant at Fort Brown, Col. Morris, likewise despatched in tria, the immediate release of the October wagons some thirty infantry-all his disposible force, leaving only a guard at the fortbut their progress was too tardy to avail anything against a fee so wilv and well mounted. There were no mounted men in the garrison. Before the arrival of this force the foe had retired; not, however, until they had perpetra-

> whereof causes our blood to curdle. "But partial accounts have reached us of the acts of the savage marauders. Doroteo he never failed. So with Virginia. Through Zamora, a most estimable citizen, we regret all the conflicts of parties, she maintains her to learn, is among the slain. Mr. Zamora had position with dignity and certainty. The eyes just decided, under the treaty, to become an of the people of the whole continent are al-American citizen. One of Mr. Zamora's sons ways turned towards the "mother of States was killed at the same time, another badly and statesmen." If she has not in all times wounded, and his daughter, a girl about fourteen years of age, carried into captivity. At try from the hands of the spoilers, her gas-From the rancho de los Indios, Mrs. Willsey. the wife of Captain Benjamin Willsey, hi brother and sister-in-law were carried off cap-

tives. The aged mother of Mrs. Willsey persisted in following her children, and did so for some distance, regardless of savage menace, when the Indians, seizing her, tied her hands a neighboring rancho in a most shocking and mutilated condition, and is now, we under-

stand, a maniac. " The destruction of property on this river has been immense. We learned to-day of the of marine prize fighting, and the victim exhiloss of seventy horses by one gentleman. We bits a specimen of 'punishment' almost as were, however, reduced to a state of nudity.

"The foregoing is but a faint outline of the acts perpetrated within the last few days in our immediate vicinity. "The position of our officers on this line is ection which their position implies

A Year's Robberies in London.—The numrobberies committed in the Metropoli-trict last year, was 63,749, and the val-

Whig Evidence.-It will be seen by the that Geti. Taylor is a mere authorise of his Cabinet. 2d, that net. 2d, that by their own ion the Whig party is held together by " the cohesive force of public plunder:"
" It is generally understood that Gen. Tay.

"Upon his officers alone, then, rests the responsibility of these appointments, and that ing the effect which he measures indicated are well calculated to have upon the zeal of the whig party, is greater than they probably think. We would take the liberty of inquiring of

these gentlemen, (without recomme removals, save in cases where the persons removed have interferred in elections farther than to cast his own vote, or is notorious incompetent or otherwise unworthy.) when it is necessary to make an appointment how they expect the party to hold together, and to yield Gen. Taylor such a support as will make his inistration successful, if all the hard working whigs of the country are to be overlooked, and the offices bestowed upon those whose zeal has never been sufficient to induce them to raise a finger in the whig cause? Can any thing, indeed, be better calculated to damp the ardor of the party, or to disgust them irrevocably with the administration? America, not in Utopia. The whigs are men, and their motives are of that mixture of good tented to see the fruits of a victory for which they have toiled and suffered both in health and purse, bestowed entirely on those who expect more of them than human nature is caable of. The whigs, not in New York alone, roughly disgusted with this course of policy,"

Sure enough-" how do they expect the party to hold together, and yield Gen. Taylor such a support as will make his administration successful" unless they are paid for it! What morality, what patriotism, what love for the people! - Albany (Ga.) Patriot.

Interesting to Southern Men .- The chieff roument of the Whigs during the canvass in favor of Gen. Taylor for President, was that he was a Southern man, and would sacredly guard the rights and honor of his native South. He, it was said, could be relied on with perbecome the great route for travellers going fect confidence, to call around him a Cabinet who would be a bulwark to Southern instituions, and a rebuke to the mad fanaticism of Northern abolitionists and free-soilers.

> That our readers may know how well these promises are being performed, we ask them to read the following extract from the Washington correspondent of the Macon Telegraph. dated Washington, May 9, 1849. "The coolest piece of impudence was re-

vealed in this city last week. Daniel Webster, must first be remarked, procured a situation or a buck negro in the Home Department, under Mr. Ewing, as a messenger, when fifty poor white men would have been delighted to receive it. This darkey was with Maj. Webster in Mexico as a servant, and it was in character for 'black' Dan to provide for black Peter. Emboldened by the success of their brother nigger, two 'colored gentlemen,' as they were called, came to Washington, all the way from Massachusetts, fine specimens of 'charming boys,' so elegantly spoken of by Mr. Palfrey of that State. They entered the ante-room of the Home Department, and inquired for Mr. Ewing. They were dressed n the best broad cloth, and wore large gold chains to their watches. A wag assumed to he the official attendant, and in the course of conversation, learned from them that they were seeking clerkships! It has not been ascertained that they met with success—the ony bar to preferment being public opinion .s they voted for Gen. Taylor, and Further Indian Depredations-Murder of burdens of government?' If Webster, Cor-Families-Women and Children carried into win, Hudson, Palfrey, and such statesmen, Captivity.—By the arrival here yesterday of think negroes as good as white men, why not provide them with clerkships? They ought not to be ashamed of their allies. The truth is, these impudent negroes are emboldened to look for 'loaves and fishes' from the fact that, in the course of a week, two negroes were appointed messengers or laborers in the State posed state of our Texas frontier, no troops Department, two in the Treasury Department, of that branch of the service which is alone and two in the Home Department. And I while white men were scrubbing the floors!-It is enough to make the blood boil to think destruction of life and property among our de- of these things. A whig member of Congress the Brownsville Flag of the 16th instant, tells groes, named Warner, as one of 'the most perfect gentlemen he had met in Washington,' and a Senator from the same State helped

him into office. These are a few of the many Albany (Ga.) Patriot. Virginia-Beautiful Compliment.-The result of the recent election in the Old Dominion, says the Philadelphia Times, may be regarded as the harbinger of coming events .-The records of that noble commonwealth afford, for the benefit of us all, many instructive lessons of patriotism and purity of purpose. Amidst the various struggles of the de cy, she is true to her ancient faith and character. As each contest thickens, her chivalric sons rush with redoubled ardor into the field. Through good and evil report, Virginia is the same. The noise of the camp, the glitter of the weapons of war, and the smoke and dust of the battle-field, sometimes render her ob-

with her banners streaming in the breath of heaven, and herself covered all over with Napoleon used to watch the white plume ted acts of savage barbarity, the mention of Murat with intense interest as he led on the fearful charge; and frequently his crown and sceptre depended on his success. But been able to sever the democracy of the coun-

scure for the moment, but at the close of the

day she is seen emerging from the conflict

Naval Combat-A Whale Fight .-- The New London Chronicle of Wednesday, mentions the presence of a whale at one of the wharves of that ancient city, and adds-

"He was taken yesterday afternoon between Block Island and Point Indith, quite dead, behind her, pierced her with their lances and but evidently just killed. Of the cause of his death there could be no mistake. He had as Hungarian. Half the leaders and troops in her blood, as they supposed dead. This been in a row with another whale, or some poor woman, however, succeeded in reaching other salt water ruffian, and whipped to death, The lacerations upon various parts of his carcass are very severe, and in many parts the flesh is torn up and sometimes torn off by the pound or two. In short, it is a clear case more than twenty-five feet in length, and an is, we are told, beantifully propertioned. We are not connoisseurs ourselves, this being

the first whale we ever saw. " How much oil he will yield we have not heard, but we believe he bails " full."

Women in the Army Fighting .- The late German papers say that Hungarian ladies are fighting with the same enthusiasm for freedom as their country-men. Among one hundred and forty Hungarian captives taken by General Simonish, there were nineteen Hung us of the property stolen was nearly a million of dollars. The number of persons taken in the custody was 64,480, of whom 35,683 oet rank has raised a regiment at her own were discharged, and the remaining 28,274 Gen. Tayrests the laid aside until the epidemic shall have passed s, and that ct which

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The last opinion relates to the prevention of

the cholera; but all constitutions are not liable to it, any more than all are liable to ague ver, that we left in a mass; that is, about 1200 and fever, influenza, or any other form of disease. But, although we know of nothing that will prevent the disease, we know of many things which can and do bring it on, after the each other port has arrived, and about 25,000 poison has been taken into the system. These overland. are exciting causes, and ought to be carefully avoided. The disease will, however, assail of the forty thousand accounts of persons who some constitutions, notwithstanding all exci- have been to the mines. The poorest man it ting cause may be avoided.

of the exciting causes one has just been mentioned—the premature laying aside of flannel and other warm clothing. In addition to this, (and belonging to the same head,) getting wet in a shower, remaining long in damp places, sitting in a strong current of air at price of the same least labor, finds less than \$15,000 to \$20,000; but they have been fortunate. No one, with the least labor, finds less than \$15 to \$20 per day; and by persevering and the least good luck, one may find from \$50 to \$100. right, and sleeping with but little bed covering, should all be carefully avoided. Every sitting and lodging room ought to have a fire in it for a part of every day, especially for a few hours before occupying it Thus, the shop, office, family sitting-room, church, and school-house, should have fires kindled in them. school-house, should have fires kindled in them of time. There are not many of the latter, bu early in the morning, and kept up for two or there are some instances. before bed-time.

bring on the disease, and omiting to eat at the usual time may do the same thing. Much reduction in the quantity of food (the individual still being to health) is not proper. In fact, a nourishing distinct but it has been and the proper to a nourishing diet is best, but it should be plain and digestible. Meat or boiled eggs should by purchasing at the mines gold dust, at \$3 to and fresh fish should be avoided. Of salt fish, ent at least. and tresh as should be avoided. Of salt fish, mackeral and salmon are too hard, but codfish with potatoes is proper. Old cheese is safe, and macaroni prepared with cheese may be eaten. Hot bread should be avoided; stale bread or crackers only should be used. Of collingry regetables. cullinary vegetables, mealy potatoes, well time,) you get a slice of cold meat, bread, proboiled hominy, and rice are not only the best, but all others had better be omitted. Pies, you pay \$1; also \$1 50 for a dinner of rice totte and all binds. tarts, and all kinds of pastry are improper, except, perhaps, well baked and highly spiced tatoes—all these eaten off a table of bare boards.

olate may be taken as usual. Those who drink malt liquors at their meals should limit here for 25 cents. A house which cost \$70 themselves to freshly brewed strong beer, well hopped. As to brandy and whiskey they cannot prevent cholera They who are in the habit of using either should not lay it aside, but they should avoid all excess. Those ing in all kinds of things—tents, empty hogswho have not such a habit should by no means heads, &c. &c. begin now. The use of brandy in the treatment of disease must not be confounded with Gunpowder vs. Cholera.—When the chole its use as preventive. The irritation of the ra visited London in 1832 and '33, the city austomach and bowels produced by the first im- thorities had small quantities of gunpowder press of alcoholic drinks may even contribute tied tightly in strong paper and fired in the

Cincinnati, May 11, 1849.

debtedness to the newspapers for the informa- wards of 24 hours in the buildings. It was they cherish. Compared with any past age of the world, this is a remarkably enlightened Montreal. In the latter city cannon were plant the world, this is a remarkably enlightened montreal. considerable share of correct information on almost all topics of any real importance.—
Geography, history, the political condition of with success. Most persons can talk intelligently about them without pretending to learning or research.

But how did they come by their knowledge?

But how did they come by their knowledge?

Not at school, not from books,—generally ping up and reaching up, will first catch the speaking, but by picking up here a little and blessings of heaven as they descend. There is there a little, from the family newspaper, in no object on which we gaze that gives us so imperceptibly small instalments. Let any one much pleasure as the upward and continued ask himself where he obtained his knowledge progess in moral culture and robust virtue of of any particular fact. He is probably unable to tell, because it came silently, unpretendingly, in the newspaper.

progess in moral current and robust virtue of enterprising young men. When chains of sloth are broken, the vision is clear—the heart buoyant, and the affections and purposes

mind by the press. The pulpit does much; joy future generations as they march on in the parental instruction, in many cases, does much same glorious path. -but the press, more than either, often more than both. Let any reader of a well conducted paper, open its pages and consider thoughtfully its contents. There are in a single num- ton, N. C., 31st May, 1849. ber sometimes from 150 to 200 separate and Those whose names appear on this List will distinct articles, each one conveying an idea, please ask for advertised Letters.

DAN'L DICKSON, P. M. a fact or a sentiment, and stated or illustrated so as to produce some effect, either in enhancing the readers' store of knowledge, or giving a right direction to thought, feeling and action. Must not all this have its influence, and in the aggregate a mighty influence upon

ne reader? We think so.

No reflecting man can fail to see that the fifty-two visits in a year of a carefully conducted paper, intelligent, correct, elevated in moral tone, and withal interesting in its contents, must exert a great and blessed influence upon domestic life. Children growing up un-der such influence are far more likely to be intelligent, correct in their opinions and morals, and better prepared for the active duties of life than they could possibly have been without it.—Merchant's Ledger.

Rail Road Travel. - The annexed table exhibits the number of persons who have traveled North and South, over the entire line of the Wilmington & Raleigh Rail Road, for the six months ending with March last. Also, the number of local or way travellers

for the same p	eriod:			
Months.	North.	South.	Way.	
1848.				
October,	227	892	2258	
November,	210	544	2095	
December,	288	431	2800	
1849.				
January,	424	379	2343	
February,	688	452	1898	
March,	591	851	2108	
			10 500	
	2428	3549	13,502	
		Commercial.		

Cold Water.—The bracing effects of cold water have been exemplified in the case of Judge M'Kinley, of the U.S. Supreme Court, who, according to the Louisville Courier, after having his vision so seriously impaired for fifty-two years that he could not see without

Jasses, has recovered his sight perfectly.

For keeping the eyes strong and the sight clear, it has been recommended that persons, while washing, should time the faces and open their eyes under water. As good a plan is to open whether eyes under water whether eyes and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped and dash the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in a direction from the inner to the outer angle of the eye. In summer, the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in a direction from the inner to the outer angle of the eye. In summer, the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in a direction from the inner to the outer angle of the eye. In summer, the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in a direction from the inner to the outer angle of the eye. In summer, the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in a direction from the inner to the outer angle of the eye. In summer, the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in the following of the eyes about be proposed and the the attendance of the eye. In summer, the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in the following of the eyes in the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in the following of the eyes in the water for the eyes of the eye. In summer, the water for washed or wiped outcomed—that is, wiped in the following of the eyes of the eye. In s

that no one should leave the city for the purpose of escaping the cholera; that it is not a disease which has premonitory symptoms, but the cholera is not a disease which has premonitory symptoms, but the cholera is not a disease which has premonitory symptoms, but the cholera is not a disease which has premonitory symptoms, but the cholera is not a contains the cholera is not a contain a cont San Francisco de Atta California.

March 4th, 1849. Here I am in the golden country; and really the disease, and on that point I propose now to say a few words.

Strictly speaking, there is no preventive of

this place can show from \$500 to \$1500 in

three hours; but this is still more necessary in lodging rooms, which should be warmed Landholders six months ago sold lots at \$60 and dried by brisk fires, kindled in the early part of the evening, and allowed to burn down

Some cargoes have arrived which cost \$30, 000 to \$50,000, and sold for \$200,000. Good A second class of exciting causes is con- have been sold at 800 to 1000 per cent. ad nected with diet. Loading the stomach with vance. For instance, I sold my cloak, which any kind of food, especially at night may cost two years ago \$38, for eleven doubloons

be eaten every day. Boiled ham, corned beef, corned mutton, well seasoned beef-steak, The consequence is, that every body goes to and poultry are the best. On the whole, sal- the mines-carried away by the excitement. ted meat are more proper than fresh, and all For the sake of my health I shall remain here. should be well seasoned. Veal, fresh pork, where I can do sufficiently well, for the pres

Bottled ale is \$2, brandy \$3, wine \$5, tolera-Of drinks, sweet milk, tea, coffee and choc- bly good; segars (very poor) three for 25 cts

to bring on the disease, and sour wines are still more likely to have that effect.

Dan. Drake, M. D.

Compared to bring on the disease, and sour wines are still more likely to have that effect.

Dan. Drake, M. D. ced obnoxious effluvia and purified the atmosphere. It was used in theatres, churches and Family Newspapers.—Few persons have school-rooms, and was found to be a power n of the extent of their in- ful disinfecting agent, the smell remaining up tion they possess and the moral sentiments used in the lazarettos of Trieste and Malta period. A large portion of the people have a ced in the narrow streets and fired with blank

The same is true in regard to our best moral impressions and sentiments. They have been suggested, reiterated, and fastened on the

# LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Wilming-

	[38-3t]	DAN'L DIC	KSON, P. M.
	Alderman A B	Howard S A	Price W W
	Adler 8	Hooper 8	Pucket P
	Allen N	Hauph J A	Pollock J B
	Allen 8 D	Hart H	Pigot D
	Arch Mary B	Hog W	Pittie G W
	Armstrong miss E Brown W H [J	Hatch C H	Pearce Sam
	Brown W H [J	Hall R P	Perkins B
	Brown G w	Howard R J Haskell G O	Plumbe J jr
	Bishop G	Hans J	Price Catherine Parris Margaret
	Britt J T	Hase Thos	Richmond J
	Blackman Jas Barth Wm	Hardy A W	Robinson G
		Harriss H	Robinson J
	Buie S B	Hobson J F	Roche A
	Blackwell K	Heins J H	Richards 8
	Batson Wm	Hill Ann Iver 2	Rilley M
	Black A G	Jouden W	Reaves Lidea
	Bethel Ann G	Jourden J P	Ring C B
	Bradley mrs	Johnson F 2	Rosland A
	Carrington W	Johnson B 2	Southall Thes
	Carver J N	Jackson J H	Stevens J E
	Canady G	Jones O 2	Sheppard G2
	Costin W	Jnoer B A	Sampson Margai
i	Capps J	Jacopes Mary	Skipper Joe
ı	Castell mrs P	Keith W P	Sigley Thos
ı	Cranmer E	Loven J	Squiggins Jas
ı	Clein mr	Latcham E	Shaw J J
١	Duguid W H	Lamon W	Smith Thos
	Dudley Creed 2	Lambert W	Smith G
l	Davis J J	Lindsay R Lochart A	Smith W J Smith w
l	Davis Ansly	Leer B	Smith J M
l	Dye J C Due J	Lewis Mary J	Smith Mary
l	Dishough L	Meadors M B	Thorington W
١	Devany P	Mercer A	Tatnall & Lea
١	Derickson W R 2	Marlow J J	Thaggard 8
١	Debery Eliza	Morse E	Thomson Carelin
١	Debery Eliza Dudley Martha	Morley B	Upton J H
١	Davis Martha	Montague Chas	Vernon J M
ı	Duffy M M	Mathews R	Williamson A
I	Eichlel M G	Matson wm	Williams G
ı	Foustad Christian		Williams J D
I	Finch J J [F		Williams T R
١	Firth 8 H	Marshall mrs	Watson N
١	Foy A R	McIntyre W O	Watson w
١	Frost B N	McKenzie K	Westbrook J
Į	Fain E	McDonald J C	Whitaker L B
ı	Ferrand W	McDonald D P	Wheat L
ı	Freeman W E	McKinon A J McGuire Mariah	Winters C
ļ	Freeman Sarah Gause W D	Newhall Wm jr	Willard w H
١	Graber G	Nash Asa	Wicker C C Weathley T C
١	Greaves T	Nichol & W	Wood ER 2
1	Gilbert S	Nichols Jas	Wood D w
I	Green Wm	Nixon Thos	Wilkins Anna E
ļ	Goodhue Mary E 2	Niemaier	Wood Ann
j	Gibson Mary Ann	Otis C J	Watson Isabella
J	Galtier mrs E	Pendleton E 2	
J	Hines W B	Price John	ł
J			

MARRIED.

pose of escaping the cholera; that it is not a disease which has premonitory symptoms, but that it is present from the beginning of the diarrhea, which is its first stage; that early treatment and rest are indispensable to its cure; and that warm clothing should not be laid aside until the enidemic shall have nassed.

In the county, on the 23d ult., of congestive fever, Letter and the county, on the 23d ult., of congestive fever, Letter and the previously published. The letter came to the full hope of a blissful immortality beyond in the full hope of a blissful immortality beyond the grave. He had been a consistent member of the Methodist E. church for many years. He was an affectionate parent and hencyalent naishbar.

San Francisco be Atta California. His death will long be mourned by his relatives and acquaintances.— Com.
In Bladen county, on the 15th ult., Mr. Joseph

Elwell, aged 73 years. In Fayetteville, on the 24th ult., Mrs. Sarah Winslow, wife of Edward L. Winslow, Esq. In Wadesborough, on the 19th inst., Cincin natus, son of Thos. S. Ashe, Esq., aged about 5

WILMINGTON MARKET.

ne	WHOLESALE PRICES.
in	BACON-Per pound.
in	Hame, 8 8 a 8 8
n in	Shoulders. 6 a 6
),-	Hog round, 7 a 74 Western, 54 a 64
ė,	Western, 54 a 64 BEANS-Per bushel-White, nom 60 a 75 BEESWAX-Per pound, 18 a 20 BEEF-Per barrel.
09	BUTTER-Per pound, 15 a 20
st	Northern-Mess 12 50 & 14 00
es	Do Prime, nom 7 00 a 9 00  Beef, on the hoof, per cut., 5 00 a 7 00
ns	Meal 65
th	COFFEE-Per pound, Rio,
ve	St. Domingo.
ce ut	Cubu, 7 a 7
	Java. 10 a 11 COTTON-Per pound, none. a
_	CANDLES-Tallow-per pound 14 a 16 Sperm, 33 a 37
0, 0.	Adamantine. · · · 28 a 30
,-	FEATHERS-Per pound, . a 35
İs	Fauettemille . A 95 2 A 75
d-	HAY-Northern-Per 100 pounds, 60 a 62 IRON-Per pound, 41 a 51 LARD-Per pound, N. C. 7 a 7
h	Western, C. 7 a 7
3,	LIME-Thomastown-Perbarrel - a -
ts	LUMBER-River-Per M. Flooring Bourds, a 8 00
er	Wide, do. a v0 Scantling, - a - a
	Scantling, 300 a 700 Shipping Timber, a 0 00
nt lo	MOLASSES West Indian . 90 a 91
6.	MACKEREL-Per barrel.
to	No. 1,
t.	No. 3, — a 3 59 MULLETS—Per bbl. 3 00 a 4 00
e, 8-	NAILS-Per pound, NAVAL STORES -Per barrel-320 pounds.
	Yellow Dip Turpentine, 190 a 195
ts	Virgin Dip new 2 50 a 2 55 Hard— 4 95
re )-	Tar, 1 25 a
is	Pitch, - a ! 00  Rosin-No. 1, - a ! 371  No. 2, - 65 75
al	No. 3, 55 a 60 Spirits Turpentine, 25 OIL—Sperm—Pergallon, 75 a 1 37
d d	OIL-Sperm-Pergallon, 75 a 137 PEAS-Ground-Perbushel, - a -
e	Black Eye, · · 55 a 60
,	Cow,
5.	Northern Mess, . 12 54 a 13 00 Prime, . 9 50 a 10 00
1- 8.	Fresh, POTATOES—Irish, per bbl.
11	Sweet, per bushel, 60 a 65 POULTRY—Chickens, live, 12 a 25
0	do dead, 15 a 30
r	Turkeys, live, 60 a 75 do dead, - a
d	RICE-Per 100 pounds, 281 a 300 Rough-Per bushel,
, -	SALT-Per ousnet. Turks Island.
3-	Liverpool—sack,
	SUAP — Per pound, SHINGLES — Per M. Country 60 a 1 00
	Country,
1-	Northern Rum, · · 28 a 30
r	Gin, 30 a 31 Whiskey, 24 a 25
e	Do. Old Nick, a 75 Apple Brundy 29 a 32
d	Do. Old Nick, 2 4 75 Apple Brundy, 29 a 32 STEVL—Per pound, 12 a 25 STAVES—Per M.
۱-	White Oak barrels—rough, 500 a 600
d d	Dressed,
	Dressed, 9 00 a 12 00 SUGAR — Per pound.
٠.	New Orleans, 4 5 5 Porto Rico, 5 4 6
8	St. Croix,
n, n	TALLOW-Per pound, · · 8 a 8
1-	TOBACCO—Leaf—Per cwt., a VARNISH—Pergallon, 20 a 22 WINES—Pergallon.
k	Madeira, 70 a 5 00
d	Port, 1 25 a 4 00 Malaga, 40 60
٠.	atataga,

the world, astronomy, the important practical features of national philosophy, something of Higher.—A noble motto for a young man ways sold in the water, and are subject to the expense Note.-River Lumber, Tar and Turpentine are algeology, chemistry as applied to agriculture and the mechanic arts, and many other subunder the mechanic arts

For dry virgin or mixed turpentine a deduction is made according to quality.					
FREIGHTS					
TO NEW YORK— Turpentine and Rosin, per bbl., Spirits Turpentine, per bbl., Rice, per 100 lbs., Cotton, per bale, Cotton goods and yarns, per bal Flax Seed, per cusk, Ground Peas, per bushel, Lumber, per M.,	90	a 25 a 40 a 12½ a 1 00 a — a 1 00 a — a 6 00			
TO PHILADELPHIA— Turpentine, per bbl., Spirits Turpentine, per bbl., Tar, per bbl. Ground Peas, per bushel, Lumber, per M., Cetton goods & yarns, per cubic	5 00 c ft.,	a 25 a 40 a 25 a 6 a 5 50 a 6			
TO BOSTON— Turpentine, per bbl., Spirits Turpentine, per bbl., Lumber per M.,	45 60 7 (0)	a 50 a 62j a 8 —			

Bank Rates of Exchange, Wilmington. Bank checks on Philadelphia, premium la per cent.
" " New York, . " la " "
Boston. " la " "

WILMINGTON MARKET-May 31. Beef-Fresh, is scarce, and butchers find difficulty in procuring a good article. See

Bacon—The Bacon market continues to be fairly supplied, and prices remain without

change. As the Apestle Paul disputed two years in the since last report, and we now give store rates merely—45 to 50c in lots to suit.

Meal is consider a disputed two years in the school of Tyrannus, (Acts xix, 9-10,) we cannot we consider a disputed two years in the safe. On the top of the dome to be a traversing

ar't See table.

Hay-We hear of no arrival since last re-

port-quotations nominal. Lumber -- Sales of only 3 rafts flooring boards since last report, at \$7 50 a \$8 per M.

Lard-The stock is heavy, and sales dull. Lime-None received during the past week. Molasses and Sugar-Received from Maine tanzas 130 hhds, 46 bbls, and 10 tierces molasses, selling at 20c per gallon; and 34 hhds

Sugar at 51c per lb.

Naval Stores-The receipts of Turpentine have reached only about 1,600 barrels during have reached only about 1,600 barrels during the week ended to-day at M. The prices have remained very steady. All the sales effected at \$1 90 for old crop yellow, \$1 95 for new crop yellow, \$2 50 to \$2 55 for virgin dip, closing at the lowest figure, and 95c for hard.

Loss Locales on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts he may contract in my name.

PRANK JOHNSON.

THE Stockholders in the Uape Fear and Deep box, hand lantern and lamp, oil feeder, torch, 6 wick formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 2 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 3 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 2 files, and 1 glavich formers, 3 pair scissors, 3 files, and 1 glavi E These are the quotations of sales for the week, at which rates the market has been cleared today. In Spirits Turpentine, transactions have only reached about 135 bbls., at 25c per gallon, barrels \$1 75 not returnable. Tar-Sales

From the Cincinnati Gasette.

EPIDEMIC CHOLERA.

To the People of Cincinnati — I briefly pointed out yesterday, in the public prints, that no one should leave the city for the min that no one should leave t

NEW YORK, May 29 .- No change in flour

BALTIMORE, May 29 .- Sales of about 1,000 50c; mess pork \$11; prime \$9; lard 7½ cents in bbls, and 8c in kegs; whiskey is dull at The Panorama comm 21 de in bbls.

PHILADELPHIA, May 29.—The flour market half price. is dull; sales of common Pennsylvania brands at \$4 50; red wheat \$1 02; yellow corn at 59c; whiskey is dull at 21 1c.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Naval Stores are inactive, and we have only to notice sales of small lots Wilmington common Rosin at \$1, delivered; 200 bbls Spirits Turpentine, at 32 building two Light Houses on the Cape Fear cents; 200 a 300 do. in lots, at 32½ a 33 cts, cash; and 200 do. No. 1 White Rosin, at \$4 Island, of the following materials, dimensions and a \$4 621. Tar is dull.

The corn trade remains dull, with again extensive supplies of foreign wheat and oats,

Manilla 34 a £35. The iron market continues inanimate; and, actions reported in foreign.

St. Petersburg, Y. C., on the spot, and 39s for stairs to lead from the cellur into one of the rooms. new, for delivery end of year. The tobacco market remains quiet.

Turpentine .- 1,070 bbls have been sold, ex. ship, at 7s per cwt; spirits are unsaleable; a level with the floor of the house; to be two American 31s 6d a 32s in caek; English 30s doors, one to lead outside and one to open into 6d per cwt.

# MARINELIST.

Schr Jonas Smith, Nichols, New York, to DeRosset a have good hinges and latches, the front door to Scory Jonas Smith, victors, new York, to Derkosset a Brown.

28.—Schr Lucullus, Adams, Boston, to Barry, Bryant & Co.

29.—Schr Elouise, Robinson, New York, to E J Lnt.

Steps to lead from the ground to under the

CLEARED.

May 24.—Schr Fidelia, Griffing, New York, by A H

and a latch, steps to lead from the gate to the ground. with a railing.

May 24.—Schr Fidelia, Griffing, New York, by A H

ground, with a railing.

Mahogany and Walnut stuffed Rockers; CLEARED.

Steamer Henrietta, Evans, Fayetteville, by J Banks.
Brig Hamlet, Viper, Bath, Me., by Geo W Davis.
Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, New York, by Schr Aleyona, Myers, Philadelphia, by do.
Schr DP Woodbury, Potter, Challotte, by Sloop Gleaner, —, Lockwoods Folly, by do.
31—Brig Six Brothers, Benson, Philadelphia, by Harries & Drake.

Udeck to Pe covered with two inch plank spiked down, and then covered with white lead; the deck coppered then covered with white lead; the deck coppered with 23 ounce copper, well nailed down. On one side of the deck to be a scuttle to enter the lantern, as large as the space between the timbers of the deck will admit; scuttle door and rabets to Camp Stools, Willow Wagons;

#### **PROPOSALS** For a Theological Discussion!

To the Clergy of North-Carolina, who preach the doctrine of endless torment.

Gentlemen:-You doubtless believe me to be in Gentlemen:—You doubtless believe me to be in error;—that I am leading souls astray. I think the same of you. The sooner we can be put right, the better. This, therefore, is to inform you, that I am willing to meet any of you in propria persona, and discuss the following conjoint questions:

"Do the Scriptures teach the doctrine of endless"

"Do the Scriptures teach the doctrine of endless" I am willing to meet any of you in propria per-sona, and discuss the following conjoint questions: "Do the Scriptures teach the doctrine of endless

Respectfully and Fraternally, june 1, 1849. [38-1t] J. C. BURRUSS.

TAKE NOTICE.

WILLIAM JONES, a non-resident of North Carolina, and one of the heirs of Levy Jones, Sen., deceased, is hereby notified to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Bladen, at the Court House in Elizabethtown, on the first Monday in August next, and show cause if any he has, why the last will and testament of the said Levy Jones. Sen., deceased, should not be recorded, as the law dideceased, should not be recorded. So the said Levy Jones, Sen., deceased, should not be recorded, as the law dideceased, should not be recorded. So the said Levy Jones are constant to the house, including floors, roof and tower, and the iron and copper to the President and Directors, and Company. Of the Bank of Cape Fear, at the expiration of the Court of the Bank of Cape Fear, at the expiration of the deceased, should not be recorded, as the law di- Winslow Lewis, each reflector to have on it six rects, in such cases made and provided.

H B. JONES, Executor. June 1, 1849-[38-6w

in my name. P June 1, 1849—[38-tf NOTICE.

THE undersigned have formed a Co-partner ship under the firm of

the extent of any other Painting in the World—fice, 126 Fulton street.
exhibits a view of country 3,500 miles in length, New York, May 29.—No change in flour.

Sales of corn at 59 to 60c; mess pork \$9 87½; lard 6½c; cotton has declined ½ of a cent; whiskey dull at 19 cents

An architic view of country below in length, passing through Ten States of the Union—embersing through Ten States of the Union—e lize, or the magnificient scenery of the upper Mis-Baltimore, May 29.—Sales of about 1,000 sissippi (on both sides of the River) above St. blis Howard street flour at \$4 62\frac{1}{2}\$. Sales of yellow corn at 55 a 56c, and white at 49 a inal Sketches and drawing made by S. B. STOCK-The Panorama commences moving punctually

Admission 50 cents—Children and Servants half price.

J. M. WESTON, Director.

June 1, 1849—[38-1t

TO CONTRACTORS.

description:

The Dwelling to be of hard bricks or stone. FOREIGN MARKETS-PER CALEDONIA. 36 feet by 20, one story, 8 feet in the clear, divi-From Baring's Circular.

London, May 11.—Cotton.—A fair amount feet wide; walls to be 20 inches thick, and laid of business has been done through the week, and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire, and haves the conversations asked and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire, and haves the conversations asked and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire, and haves the conversations asked and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire, and haves the conversations asked and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire, and have the conversations asked and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire, and have the conversations asked and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire, and have the conversations asked and prices were quoted and dearer; but yester-day the market was less netire. day the market was less active, and buyers same, to be 20 inches thick, built of stone and well laid in strong lime morter.

Roof to be rectangular, covered with good seasoned boards and shing'ed with shingles of the

which are both rather cheaper. U. S. flour best quality—two centre rafters to be of timber 7 23 a 23s 6d per bbl. Indian corn—transactions limited, but holders firm, in expectation of an early renewal of demand from Ireland.

Hemp is dearer. St. Petersburg, clean, £31;
Manilla 34 a £35. each 8 by 10; the attic to be divided into two with an order in hand, we could to-day buy common Welch bars and rails somewhat under our last quotations. Scotch pig ranges from 44s 6d to 46s on the Clyde. No transactions reported in foreign Tallow in moderate request at 38s 6d for six lights 8 by 10 each, and a door to lead outside; 12 in the clear; walls same thickness as the house, to finish 7 feet in the clear; floor to be on

Attached to the house to be a kitchen, 14 by one of the rooms in the house; two windows, 12 lights each, 8 by 10; lathed and plastered; floor laid double; a chimney, with a suitable fire place, crane, trammel, and hooks; on one side of the chimney to be an oven, with an iron door-on the other side a sink, with a trunk to lead through the

wall to carry off the water.

Closets in the rooms to be lathed and plastered May 26.—Schr Johns Brown, De Wolf, N York, to DeRosset & Brown.
27.—Schir Julia, Van Gilder, New York, to George Harriss.
Schr Jarvis Lyon, Chambers, Baltimore, to G W Dawich is to have frieze lights; all the doors to

vis.
Schr Lamartine, Turner, Providence, R I, to G W
Davis.
Steamer Henricita, Evans, Fayetteville, to J Banks.
30.—Schr Kensington, Foster, 12 hours from Charles ton, to Barry, Bryant & Co.
Steamer Rowan, Hurt, Fayetteville, to T C Worth.
Schr D P Woodbury, Potter, Challette, to G W Davis.
Schr D P Woodbury, Potter, Challette, to G W Davis.
Sloop Gleaner, — Lockwoods Folly, to do.

CLEARED.

The supported by 12 pieces of timber 6 inches square, set into the ground, on the head of which to be laid 4 by 4 joist, covered with two inch planks, spiked down, the top of the plank to be on a level with the under part of the sill of the door; around the platform to be railings, six Marble top Washstands;
Marble top Washstands;
Marble and Mahogany top Bureaus Rich Mahogany and plain Wardshas.

Van Bokelyn.
Schr Marth B, Lewis, Shallotte, by G W Davis.
26.—Brig Larch, Rogers, New Orleans, by DeRosset

27.—Brig Larch, Rogers, New Orleans, by DeRosset

28.—Brig Larch, Rogers, New Orleans, by DeRosset

29.—Brig Larch, Rogers, DeRosset

29.—Brig Larch, Rogers, New Orleans, by DeRosset

29.—Brig Larch, Rogers, DeRosset Schr Col McRae, Davis, Charleston, by G W Davis, Schr Urania, Myers, New York, by E J Lutterloh.
Schr Binerva Wright, Cox, Nortolk, Va, by E J Lutterloh.
29.—Brig winthrop, Leland. Boston, by Geo Harriss. Schr David Smith, Smith, Philadelphia, by do.
Schr Emily B Souder, Chase, Baltimore, by master.
Schr J P Johnson, Kilburn, Boston, via Portsmouth, H, by Harriss 4 Drake.
30.—Schr Blary Powe I, Williams, N Y, by G W Davis.
Brig W m T Dugan, Smith, Baltimore, by E J Lutterloh.

Schr Emily B Souder, Chase, Baltimore, by moster.
Schr J P Johnson, Kilburn, Boston, via Portsmouth, H, by Harriss 4 Drake.

Schr Blary Powe I, Williams, N Y, by G W Davis.
Brig W m T Dugan, Smith, Baltimore, by E J Lutterloh.

Schr Eminer to those with the oper to be boarded and shingled. Above the roof, round the tower where it connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower, himself with the collared with lead; one window in the tower, the deck to be of the fower to be boarded and shingled. Above the roof, round the tower where it connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower, himself with collared with lead; one window in the tower, the object with two or where it connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower, had been connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower, had been connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower where it connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower where it connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower where it connects with the roof of the house, to be well collared with lead; one window in the tower.

Ladies work boxes and Large and small cane Rockers;

Ladies work boxes and Large and small cane Rockers;

Ladies work beause, Bamboo chairs and rocking chairs;

Ladies work beause, Bamboo chairs a collared with lead; one window in the tower, Bamboo chairs and settees; nine lights 8 by 10. On the top of the tower Children's sitting and rocking chairs; to be a framed octagon deck, 10 feet diameter, Windsor chairs, with scroll backs; timber 6 by 7 inches square secured to the top of Windsor chairs, plain; office chairs and cushions down, the joints well caulked with oakum, and Cribs, cradles, and children's chairs: be covered with copper same as the deck. Stairs to lead from the attic story of the house to the entrance of the scuttle; the inside of the tower to Childrens' dining Chairs; be either lathed and plastered, or lined up with boards planed and jointed, plowed and tongued. On the tower to be an iron lantern of an octagon form, the height and diameter sufficient to admit 6 lights 24 by 15 inches in each ectagon, a post 1 inches square to pass through the deck 3 "Do the Scriptures teach the doctrine of chaics misery for any portion of the human race; or, the final redemption of all mankind"?

The debate to be an oral one, and to be held at such time and place as shall be hereafter agreed to the foot, which is to come and rivet to the piece that forms the top of merely—45 to 50c in lots to suit. Meal is worth by the quantity from 60 to 65c from store.

Flour—Fair supply of flour on the market.

See table.

school of Tyrannus, (Acts xix, 9-10,) we cannot to discussion of a few days immical to the spirit and genius of the Gospel, at this age of mental and moral progress. Should you feel inclined to enter the polemical arena, address me at "Kinston, N. C."

Respectfully and Fraternally. copper, \$\frac{4}{2}\$ inch bolt, to run up one foot above the vane, and two feet down into the ground, secured to the building with copper staples.

All the wood work of the house, including ounces of silver—the light house to be furnished with two spare lamps, 4 double tin oil canisters to hold 80 gallons each, painted 2 coats—lantern canister and trivet, tin wick box, tin tube

the whole is completed, and the same inspected and approved by the undersigned, or such person as he may appoint for the purpose. The whole to be completed in a workmanlike manner by the loth of September next.

WM. C. BETTENCOURT,

CHARLESTON, June 30.—Cotton—The cotton market continues in a depressed state, with prices rather in filter of buyers. The transactions yesterday were confined to some 700 bales, at extremes ranging from 64 to 74c.

Rice—There was a fair demand for this article yesterday, which resulted in the sale of some 500 tierces, at former prices. The prices ranged from \$2.75 to \$3.12\frac{1}{2}\$ per hundred, as to quality—Courier.

Newbern, May 29.—Turpentine—This article has arrived a little more freely since our last publication. Sales of virgin \$2.25 at \$2.00 to \$3.00 to

kead the Afidavit.

City and County of New York, se. William Armstrong of said city being duly sworn, doth depose and say that he is a precical Druggist and Chemist. That some time in the latter part of May, or first of June, 1848, a man by the name of Jacob Townsend, who at that time believing that he would fill the office with was a book and pamphlet pedlar, called upon de ponent at the house of Mr Thempson, No. 42 Hud-son street, where deponent boarded, and requested deponent to write him a recipe by which to make a Syrup of Sarsaparilla. Deponent further saye, that he became acquainted with said Townsend at the office of Theodore Foster, Eeq., book publish-er, with whom said Townsend dealt. That said Townsend had had frequent conversations with deponent respecting the manufacture of an article of Sarasparilla to be sold under the name of Dr

Jacob Townsend.

That said Townsend stated he was an old man and poor, and was not fit for hard labor, and wishname of Townsend sold so well, and so much money was made by it, he could see no reason why he might not make something out of it too, (his would be down on him after he should commence : but that he did not care for him, as he had formed a copartnership with men who could furnish the requisite amount of capital—and was well prepared to defend himself against any attack that might

be made on him. Deponent further says that pursuant to the request of said Jacob Townsend, he wrote a recipe for the manufacture of a Syrup of Saisaparilla and gave it to him. Said Townsend observed that he wanted to make a specimen to exhibit to his partners for their approval, as he wished to gratify them in every tning, as they furnished all the capital;—said Townsend also told deponent that the bottles they were to use were to be of the same size and shape as Dr S. P.'s, and deponent, at the request of said Jacob Townsend, went to the office f Dr S. P. and procured one of his labels.

And deponent further says that he has been informed and verily believes the Syrup of Sarsapa-rilla sold as Old Dr Jacob Townsend's, is made after the recipe furnished by deponent to Jacob per printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying formed and verily believes the Syrup of Sarsapa-Townsend, as aforesaid. And further deponent saith not.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG. Sworn to before me, this 24th day of May, 1849, C. S. WOODHULL, Mayor of the city of New York.

June 1, 1819—[38-tf **NEW YORK** 

Furniture Warehouse. Front Street, Near Exchange Corner, WILMINGTON, N. C. G. & W. A. GWYER respectfully inform their

numerous friends and acquaintances that they have purchased the stock of FURNITURE in schr John Story, Walker, Cuba, to G W Davis.
Schr Ottoman, ——, Boston, to master.
Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, Philadelphia, to G w Davis.
Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, Philadelphia, to G w Davis.
Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, Philadelphia, to G w Davis.
Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, Philadelphia, to G w Davis.
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Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, Philadelphia, to G w Davis.
Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, Philadelphia, to G w Davis.
Schr Ira Brewster, Horton, Philadelphia, to G w Davis. sill of the front door, with a railing on each side; this establishment of Mr F. CLARK, which is large the kitchen door to open on to a platform 20 feet and well selected, and are now receiving from the IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court

ground, with a railing.

On the centre of the house to be an octagon

On the centre of the house to be an octagon

Egyptian and white marble top centre Tables;

Mahogany Dining and Tea Tables; 28.—Big Larch, Rogers, New Orienns, by DeRosset & Brown.

Brig Callender, Wines, Bristol, R. I., by Geo Harriss.
Schr L. P. Smith, Miller, New York, by DeRosset & Seet diameter; the posts to be 7 inches square, tenened into the beams of the house, which are to be 8 inches square, which are to be 8 inches square, well secured with girths 28.—Brig Oxford, Clark, Liverpool, Eng., by Jeffreys & Leighton.

Brig Trieste, Grace, Havano, by Harriss & Drake.

Brig General Taylor, Saute, Philadelphia, by Barry, Bryant & Co.

Schr Louisine, Rebinson, New York, by E J Letterslab.

Single Mahogany Dining and Tea Tables; Common Walnut and Cherry Tables; tenened into the beams of the house, which are to be 8 inches square, well secured with girths and low post Bedsteads; High and low post Bedsteads; Mahogany and Walnut do; brick pillars under the beams of the tower floor, and joists 4 by 4 framed into the beams of the Book cases; writing desks; lower floor to those of the upper, to support the Ladies work tables; sewing and nursing chairs; and joists 4 by 4 framed into the beams of the lower floor to those of the upper, to support the tower; the outside of the tower to be boarded and Large and small cane Rockers;

Summer Safes, Dusters, Refrigerators;

Fine Hair Mattresses-Northern make: Moss Mattresses, Bolsters, Pil'ows, The goods will be freely shown, and all articles warrented to be as represented.

G. & W. A. GWYER. Furniture safely packed in boxes, or mats, for ransportation. May 25, 1849--[37

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, COURT OF EQUITY, Spring Term, 1849. Mary Newkirk, Petition for sale of Slaves. ex parte. Fertition for sale of Slaves.

IN pursuance of a decree of the Court of Equi-

y for the county of New-Hanover, made at Spring Term, 1819, in the above petition, I will self at the Court-House, in the town of Wilmington, on Monday, the 11th of June, 1849, upon six months credit, a negro girl named CAROLINE, belonging to the minors of Jacob Newkirk, deceased, Bond and approved security required.
T. D. MEARES, C. & M. E.

May 18, 1849--[36-ts

Notice IS hereby given, that application will be made to the President and Directors, and Company.

Ex'r. of Gabriel Holmes. March 23, 1849.—[28-3m NOTICE,

C. P. & D. R. N. Company May 25, 1649—[37-3:

LIEUTENANT COLONEL

Mesers. Editors: You will oblige the friends of Mr. Tuos. H. Tare, by keeping his name before the public as a candidate for the Lieut. Colo-nelcy, he having consented to serve if elected.— We speak from an intimate acquaintance with

honor to himself and satisfaction to them. MANY FRIENDS.

Notice. Notice.

THE undersigned having obtained letters of administration upon the Estate of Davin Fullyon dec'd, at the March Term, 1849, of the Court of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions for New Hanover county, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate settlement; and all persons having claims of any sort against the said estate, are hereby notified to present them duly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law for that purpose, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

CATHARINE A FULTON,

May 4, 1849 .- [841] Administratrix. THEOPHILUS HUGGINS. GENERAL AGENT

ARB. COMMISSION MERCHANT Will attend to any business proper to his office; such as the sale of TIMBER, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES, and all kinds of produce, together with filling orders, receiving and forwarding goods.

Oppries in Nutt's buildings, North Water

May 11, 1849-[35-3m

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA. DUPLIN COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions; April Term, A. D. 1849. Ephraim Ccok, to use of Constable's Return John D. Pearsall, -Levied on the de-

vs. John Wilkinson. fendant's land: IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant has absconded, so that the ordinary process of the law cannot be served upon the said defendant to make his appearance at the next term of this Court, and defend the said suit, or judgment final will be rendered against him:
Witness, James H. Jerman, Clerk of said
Court, at office, the third Monday in April, A. U
1849.
J. H JERMAN, Clerk.

By B. F. Ghadt, Dep'y Cl'k. April 27, 1849-33-6t [Pr fee \$4 58] STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA:

DEPLIN COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quatter Sessions: April Term, A. D. 1849.
Torrance, Original Attachment—Levied on the defendant's real estate, and certain arti-cles of personal property: Kilby Bass.

that the defendant has absconded, so that the ordinary process of the law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Journal, a newspa-per printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying the said Kilby to make his appearance at the next term of this Court, to defend the said suit, r judgment final will be redered against him. Witness. JAMES H. JERMAN, Clerk of said

Court, at office, the third Monday of April, A. D. 1849.

J. H. JERMAN, Clerk,... By B. F. GRABT, Dep't Cl'k: April 27, 1849-37-61 [Pr fee \$4 38] STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:

DUPLIN COUNTY. Conti of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, April Term, A. D. 1849. Daniel C. Moore, Original Attachment real estate, and certain arti-

cles of personal property. IT appearing to the satisfaction to the Court that the defendant has absconded, so that the ofdinary process of the law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Journal, a newspaper printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying the said Kilby to make his appearance at the next term of this Court, to defend the said suit, of judgment final will be rendered against him. Witness, James H. Jenman, Clerk of said

Court, at office, the third Monday of April. A. D: 1849. J. H. JERMAN. Clerk. By B. F. Gaapy, Dep'y Cl'k: April 27, 1849 -33-6t [Pr fee \$4 38] STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

DUPLIN COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, April Term, A. D. 1849. Owen R. Kenan,

Vs.

Vs.

Kilby Bass.

Original Attachment—Levied on the defetidant's real estate, and certain articles of personal property.

IT appearing to the astisfaction of the Court that the defendant has substanded, so that the orthat the defendant has spectified, so that the ordinary process of the law, cannot be served upon him, it is ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Wilmington Journal, a newspaper printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying the said Kilby to make his appearance at the next term of this Court, to defend the said stilt; of judgment final will be rendered against him:
Witness. James H. Jennan, Clerk, of said

Court, at office, the third Monday of April, A. D: J. H. JERMAN, Clerk, By B. F. GRABT, Dep'y Cl'k; April 27, 1849 -33-6t [Pr fee \$4 38] STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

DUPLIN COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions; April Term, A. D. 1849. John Smith, Official Strachibent—Le-vs.

John Wilkinson. Svied on the defendant's land:

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant has absconded, so that the ordinary process of the law cannot be served upon him, it is ordered, that publication he made for six weeks in the Wilmington Jourhal, a newspaper printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying the printed in the town of Wilmington, notifying the said defendant to make his appearance at the next term of this Court, and defend the said suit, if judgifient final will be rendered against him.

Witness, Janes H. Jenzia, Clerk of said Court, at office, the third Monday in April, A. D.:

1848:

J. H. JERMAN, Clerk.

By B. F. Grapt. Deply CPk:

April 27, 1849—33:6t [Pr fee \$4.38]

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA; DUPLIN COUNTY. Pleas and Quarter Seasie

April Term, A. D. 1849.

Ephraim Cook, to use of John D. Petraell,

# BY AUTHORITY.

Acts and Resolutions passed at the Second of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hun-Session of the Thirtieth Congress.

[Public-No. 37.]-An Act making appro priations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various dred and thirty, twelve thousand five hundred hundred and thirty-six, twenty thousand dol-Indian tribes, for the year ending June thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty. Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following dollars: sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated

the current and contingent expenses of the three hundred and twenty dollars; Indian department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes. For the current and contingent expenses of

the Indian department, viz: For the pay of superintendent of Indian afagents, as provided by the acts of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and of dollars; March third, eighteen hundred and thirtyhundred and forty-six, fourteen thousand dol-

For the pay of sub-agents, authorized by the act of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred ulated in the eighth article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirtyand thirty-four, six thousand seven hundred twenty fourth March, eighteen hundred and six, one hundred and fifty dollars. dollars:

For the pay of interpreters, authorized by the same act, ten thousand dollars;

St. Louis, authorized by the act of June twen-six, eight hundred and forty dollars; ty-seven, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand two hundred dollars; For the pay of clerk to superintendent of

the western territory, by the same act, one lated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of ly, eighteen hundred and thirty, five hundred thousand dollars:

thousand dollars; For fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, viz:

To the Christian Indians.—For permanent annuity, stipulated in the acts of May twentysixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-Bix, four hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Saginaw - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dol-For permanent annuity, stipulated in the

second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars; For permanent annuity, stipulated in the

September, eighteen hundred ant nineteen, dollars, one thousand dollars;

For support of blacksmiths, and for farming utensils and cattle, and the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, third article of the treaty of thirtieth Septem. five, one thousand dollars ; two thousand dollars;

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, one thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas, Menomonies, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians .- For education gust, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand dollars: thousand five hundred dollars.

ty-seven, nine thousand five hundred dollars: | lars : For payment in goods, stipulated in the se- | For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in sup- dollars;

teen thousand dollars; For establishing three smiths' shops, sup-

porting three smiths, and furnishing iron and article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen steel, stipulated in the second article of the hundred and three, one hundred dollars; treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred | For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand and thirty-seven, three thousand dollars;

For support of farmers, purchase of imple- eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred ments, grain or seed, and to carry on their ag-ricultural pursuits, stipulated in the second For iron and steel for shop, two hundred eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thouarticle of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, and twenty dollars; eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand dollars:

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in two thousand dollars:

For purchase of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth dred and four dollars. July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five hundred dollars;

For limited annuity, in money, for twenty-

and forty two, ten thousand five hundred dol- lars;

pay of smiths and assistants, and furnishing eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thouron and steel, stipulated in the fourth article sand dollars; of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hun-

dred and forty-two, two thousand dollars; the fourth article of the treaty of fourth Octo- thousand dollars. ber. eighteen hundred and forty-two, one

thousand dollars; fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, article of the treaty of nineteenth October, thirty-six, one thousand six hundred dollars;

two hundred dollars; For support of schools, stipulated in the

sand dollars; For purchase of provisions and tobacco,

two, two thousand dollars: For limited annuity, in goods, for five years.

stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of first August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, three thousand six hundred dollars; For payment, in specie, to the Chippewas of Lake Superior, stipulated in the third arti-

cle of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, seventeen thousand eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred For payment, in specie, to the Chippewas of Miseissippi, stipulated in the third article and twenty dollars;

of the treaty of second August, eighteen hun dred and forty-seven, seventeen thousand dol-For limited annuity, for forty-six years, to be paid to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stip-eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hun-

ulated in the third article of the treaty of sed dred and seventy dollars; cond August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, one thousand dollars. To the Chickasaws .- For permanent annui-

ty, stipulated in the act of twenty-fifth Febru- hundred dollars ; ary, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

To the Choctaws .- For permanent annuity, sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, stipulated in the second article of the treaty three hundred and twenty dollars; of sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five, three thousand dollars;

thirteenth article of the treaty of eighteenth six, two thousand dollars; October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars; For life annuity to chief, (Bob Cole,) stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of dred and forty, twelve thousand five hundred twentieth January, eighteen hundred and dollars;

twenty-five, one hundred and fifty dollars; For permanent annuity for education, stipnlated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and two hundred and fifty dollars;

twenty-fire, six thousand dollars; For life annuity to three district chiefs, fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, stipulated in the fifteenth article of the treaty eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred of twenty-seventh Soptember, eighteen hun- dollars.

dred and thirty, seven hundred and fifty dol-

For life annuity of one Wavne warrior. stipulated in the twenty-first article of the dred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars; treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty-five dollars;

dred and thirty, twenty thousand dollars; years, (including support of teachers in the and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars. nation, two thousand five hundred dollars.) stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hun-ticle of the treaty of third September, eighteen

dollars; For blacksmith, stipulated in the sixth arti-Be it enacted by the Senate and House of cle of the treaty of eighteenth of October,

For iron and steel for shop, stipulated in dred and forty dollars; out of any money in the treasury not other the ninth article of the treaty of twentieth wise appropriated, for the purpose of paying Janury, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, years, four hundred and forty dollars; To the Creeks .- For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of

stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, one thousand five hundred dollars;

eighteen hundred and two, three thousand

January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and thirty-six, five hundred dollars; twenty thousand dollars: For limited annuity, for twenty years, stip-

thirty two, ten thousand dollars; For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty. treaty of fifteenth of July, eighteen hundred For the pay of clerk to superintendent at fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars; For two blacksmiths and assistants, stinntwenty fourth March, eighteen hundred and dollars. For buildings at agencies and repairs, two thirty-two, one thousand six hundred and eigh-

ty dollars : For iron and steel for shops, five hundred and forty dollars; For wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth

article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January. eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred the third article of the treaty of twenty-first and twenty dollars; collars: For education, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March.

eighteen hundred and thirty two, three thousand dollars; For interest on three hundred and fifty thou sand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-third November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars;

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth January, eighfourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth teen hundred and forty-five, three thousand To the Delawares - For permanent annui-

ty, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars; For permanent annuity, stipulated in the

ber, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars: For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of third October, hundred dollars; eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand

dollars; For permanent annuity, stipulated in the during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth Septem. one thousand five hundred dollars; the fifth article of the treaty of el venth Au- ber, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, ber, eighteen hundred and thirty-two two sand dollars; To the Chippewas of Lake Superior and private article of supplemental treaty of twen- one thousand dollars. Mississippi - For payment in money, stipu- ty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and

cond article of the treaty of twenty-ninth Ju- plemental article to treaty of twenty-sixth Ochundred dollars;

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighthe second article of the treaty of twenty- treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, hundred and thirty six, three hundred dollars; ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hun the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty- teen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred

To the Florida Indians or Seminoles. - For the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and fourth article of the treaty of ninth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand

For annuity in money, stipulated in the For support of two smiths' shops, including fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, and sixty dollars;

the seventh article of the treaty of fourth Jan- six, six hundred dollars;

For support of two farmers, stipulated in uary, eighteen hundred and forty-five, one To the Iowas .- For interest on one hundred and fifty seven thousand five hundred dollars, in the seventh article of the treaty of the treaty of the twenty-ninth Sep. and other necessary improvements, per fifth Albany, April 1, 1847. For pay of two carpenters, stipulated in the at five per centum, stipulated in the second twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and tember, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven,

eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars, enth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth plements, and stock, and for support of far-To the Kickapoos - For limited annuity, fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thou- twenty-fourth October, eighteen hundred and

thirty-two, five thousand dollars. To the Kansas - For interest on two hunstipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of dred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipfourth October, eighteen hundred and forty- ulated in the second article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and for- ty five, for educational purposes, per resoluty-six, ten thousand dollars.

To the Miamies .- For permanent annuity stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of sand four hundred and fifty-six dollars: twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars; For black smith and assistant, stipulated

and twenty dollars;
For iron and steel for shop, two hundred For one thousand pounds of tobacco, tw

thousand pounds of iron, and one thousand pounds of steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, For pay of miller, in lieu of gunsmith, stip-

ulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, six For one hundred and sixty bushels of salt. stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of dred dollars.

For education and support of poor, stipula ted in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third October, eighteen hundred and twenty

For the ninth of twenty instalments in mo ney, stipulated in the second article of the trea- ber, eighteen bundred and seven, four hun- treaty of the twenty-first September, eighteen ty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hun- dred dollars.

in the sixth article of the treaty of twentyeighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, For agricultural assistance, stipulated in the

For payment in lieu of laborers, stipulated

dred dollars; red dollars;
For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the second Octo- thousand dollars.

To the Eel Rivers, (Miamies.) For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hun-

dred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars; second article of the treaty of the twentieth

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, third article of the treaty of twenty-first Au- two thousand dollars; For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the For limited annuity for twenty years, stip- gust, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred ulated in the seventeenth article of the treaty and fifty dollars; second article of the treaty of the twentieth For permanent annuity, stipulated in the September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight,

usand five hundred dollars;

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third

article of the treaty of the twentieth October,

eighteen hundred and thirty-two, fifteen thou-

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the

tober, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third

article of the treaty of the twenty-sixth Octo-

ber, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third

article of the treaty of the twenty-eixth Sep

tember, eighteen hundred and thirty-three.

For life annuities to chiefs, stipulated in

For limited annuity, stipulated in the se-

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third

teen hundred and three, one hundred and for-

For education, stipulated in the second arti-

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated i

For blacksmith and assistant stipulated in

ty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars;

cle of the treaty of the twenty-seventh Octo-

seven hundred and twenty dollars;

and twenty dollars:

and twenty dollars;

hundred and fifty dollars.

ten thousand dollars;

and seventy dollars.

For purchase of medicines, agricultural im-

To the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri .- For

sand four hundred dollars, at five per centum

twenty thousand dollars;
For gunsmith, stipulated in the fourth arti-

cle of the treaty of the twenty-first September,

eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred

and twenty dollars;
For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in

the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred

and twenty dollars;
For forty barrels of salt, and forty kegs o

and thirty-three, two thousand dollars;

sand dollars :

hundred dollars;

thousand dollars;

y dollars;

fourteen thousand dollars:

three, seven hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipu

one hundred dollars; third article, and separate article, of the treaty For education of forty youths for twenty of the thirtieth September, eighteen hundred To the Menomonies .- For limited annuit teen thousand doliars; for twenty years, stipulated in the second ar-

ars : For two blacksmiths and assistants for twenty years, stipulated in the second article eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred of the treaty of third September, eighteen hun-

dred and thirty-six, one thousand four hun-For iron and steel for shops for twenty For purchase of provisions for twenty years

third September, eighteen hundred and thirty six, three thousand dollars; For two thousand pounds of tobacco for For permanent annuity, stipulated in the twenty years, stipulated in the second article fairs at St. Louis, and the several Indian second article of the treaty of sixteenth June, of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars;

For farming utensils and cattle for twenty For permanent annuity, stipulated in the years, stipulated in the second article of the seven, and of June twenty-seventh, eighteen fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth treaty of third September, eighteen hundred

> For thirty barrels of salt for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of To the Omahas .- For blacksmith and assis

> tant, stipulated in the fourth article of the and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars; For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars ; For agricultural implements, stipulated in

and twenty dollars; the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth Ju-To the Ottoes and Missourias .- For limited

annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand five hundred dollars: seven hundred and twenty dollars: For agricultural implements, stipulated in

five hundred dollars : For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty first September, sand dollars; eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hunred dollars;

September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three.

For payment of farmer, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty first Sep- steel, stipulated in the second article of the tember, eighteen hundred and thirty three, six trenty of the twentieth September, eighteen article of the treaty of the first August, eighhundred dollars; For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in cle of the treaty or fifth June, eighteen hun-

the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth of dred and forty six, three hundred dollars; July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hunred and twenty dollars; For iron and steel for shop, two hundred

and twenty dollars;
To the Ottawas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of and twenty dollars; third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, second article of the treaty of the seventeenth seven hundred and twenty dollars; November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight For permanent annuity, stipulated in the

fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twen-For permanent annuity, stipulated in the

fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth

thousand dollars; To the Ottowas and Chippewas .- For limilated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-nine, to treaty of third October, eigh- ted annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipula- the fifth article of the treaty of the fifth article of the fifth article of the treaty of the fifth article of the fifth article of the treaty of the fifth article of the treaty of the fifth article of the fifth twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thir- teen hundred and eighteen, two hundred and thirty two, the treaty of the treaty of the seventh article of the treaty of the September, eighteen hundred and thirty two, teen hundred and thirty-six, thirty fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty

For interest to be paid as annuity on two dollars : ly, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine- toher, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred thousand dollars, per resolution of the Senate of twenty-seventh May, eighteen stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty hundred dollars; hundred and thirty-six, twelve thousand dollars: of the eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and For education, stipulated in the fourth artithirty-three, two thousand dollars; cle of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March,

> the sixth article of the treaty of third October, dollars; teen hundred eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred. For missions, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third October, dollars; cle of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, sand dollars:

> For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of dollars: ty dollars, at five per centum, being the value physicians, stipulated in the fourth article of of thirty-six sections of land, set apart by the treaty of twenty eighth March, eighteen For purchase of provisions, stipulated in dred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hun eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirtydollars. six, two thousand dollars:

For six thousand five hundred pounds of manent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article blacksmith establishment, stipulated in the tobacco, one hundred barrels of salt and five of the treaty of the eleventh November, sevsixth article of the treaty of eighteenth Sep- hundred fish barrels, stipulated in the fourth enteen hundred and ninety-four, four thousfive years, stipulated in the fourth article of tember, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, and five hundred dollars.

and forty-two, twelve thousand five hundred eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thouleghteen hundred and thirty-two, one thouleghteen hundred and thirty-two, one thouleghteen hundred dollars;

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipuact of the nineteenth of February, eighteen For limited annuity, in goods, for twenty- For annuity in goods, stipulated in the sixth lated in the seventh article of the treaty of the bundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars; such proportions to each as the chiefs in counfive years, stipulated in the fourth article of article of the treaty of fourth January, eigh- twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and For interest, in lieu of investment, on sev- cil, and a commissioner to be appointed by the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred teen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dol- thirty-six, two thousand one hundred and six- enty-five thousand dollars at five per centum, the President, shall designate, per second ty dollars:

> For gunsmith at Mackinac, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the twenty-For agricultural implements, stipulated in eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-

> > and twenty dollars;
> > For two farmers and assistants, stipulated For two mechanics, stipulated in the sev-March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one mers, physician, and blacksmith, stipulated

thousand two hundred dollars; in the second article of the treaty of the twen-To the Osages.—For interest on sixty-nine ty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at thirty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and per second clause of same article and treaty, five per centum, being the valuation of fiftyfifty dollars;
For purchase of provisions, stipulated in four sections of land set apart by treaty of the second June, eighteen hundred and twen-ty five, for educational purposes, per resolu-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-same treaty, four thousand dollars. ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirtytion of the Senate of the nineteenth January, seven, five thousand five hundred dollars. eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thou-

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, twenthe fifth article of the treaty of sixth October. ty thousand dollars; For two smith's establishments, stipulated

in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh of January, eighteen hundred and thirtynine, two thousand dollars; For pay of two millers, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, article of the treaty of the twenty-first Sep-

one thousand two hundred dollars.

To the Piankeshaws .- For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars; For permanent annuity, stipulated in the

dollars ; third article of the treaty of the thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five, three hun-To the Pawnees .- For agricultural implements, stipulated in the fourth article of the first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-

treaty of the ninth of October, eighteen hun- two, eight hundred and forty dollars; dred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars. To the Pottawatomies of Huron.—For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth Novem-

To the Pottawatomies.-For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars; For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hun-

hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred dollars; For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten

thousand dollars;
For interest on eight hundred thousand dol lars, at five per centum, stipulated in the sec-ond article of the treaty of the eleventh Octo-ber, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty

To the Shawness .- For per ber, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and nine ty-five, one thousand dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September. eighteen hundred and seventeen, wo thousand dollars :

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventh June, eigh-For permanent annuity, stipulated in the teen hundred and three, sixty dollars; second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated i the fourth article of the treaty of the eighth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine six-

August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars ; For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Senecas and Shawnees .- For perma nent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article third article of the treaty of the twentieth Oc- of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand To the Senecas .- For permanent annuity.

stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars ; For permanent annuity, stipulated in the

fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, ve hundred dollars ; For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in

the fourth article of the treaty of the twentythe third article of the treaty of the twentyeighth February, eighteen hundred and thirtysixth September, eighteen hundred and thirtyne, eight hundred and forty dollars; For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and twenty dollars; cond supplemental article of the treaty of the twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred

For pay of miller, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six article of the treaty of the seventh June, eigh bundred dollars. To the Wyandotts .- For permanent annuitv, stipulated in the third [article] of the trea-

For purchase of one hundred and sixty ty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article and forty-two, seventeen thousand five hunof the treaty of the sixteenth October, eigh- dred dollars; For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in teen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred the eighth article of the treaty of seventeenth For education, stipulated in the third arti-March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, sev-

cle of the treaty of the sixteenth October, en hundred and twenty dollars; eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thou-For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars; For education, stipulated in the eighth arti-For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the sixteenth | cle of the treaty of the seventeenth March. October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, eighteen hundred and forty-two, five hundred

ioliars. For iron and steel for shop, two hundred To the Winnebagoes - For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twencle of the treaty of the twentieth September, ty nine, eighteen thousand dollars;

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one thouarticle of the treaty of the fifteenth Septem-For payment in money, in lieu of two thouber, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars; sand pounds of tobacco, fifteen hundred pounds For fifty barrels salt, and three thousand of iron, and three hundred and fifty pounds of

hundred and twenty-eight, and the tenth artiteen hundred and twenty-nine, six hundred For one thousand five hundred pounds of obacco, stipulated in the fifth article of the the second article of the treaty of twentieth treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and sev- the female frame, which is the great cause of

September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, enty-five dollars: For three blacksmiths and assistants, stip-For iron and steel for shop, two hundred ulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twentynine, two thousand one hundred and sixty the second article of the treaty of the twenty-

dollars : For iron and steel for shops, six hundred For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and sixty dollars; For laborers and oxen, stipulated in the For purchase of fifty barrels of salt, stiputhird article of the treaty of the first August, lated in the second article of the treaty of the ighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hun-

red and sixty five dollars:

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, For education, stipulated in the fourth artieighteen hundred and thirty two, three thou For six agriculturalists, purchase of oxen, For interest on six hundred and forty three ploughs, and other implements, stipulated in

two thousand five hundred dollars . For pay of two physicians, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifteenth Septem thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty To the Quapaws .- For limited annuity, ber, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four

For education, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the eighteenth May, eight first November, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, fifty-five thousand dollars; teen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand For interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, For blacksmith, stipulated in the third arti- at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth arcle of the treaty of the eighteenth May, eigh- ticle of the treaty of the thirteenth October, teen hundred and thirty three, six hundred eighteen hundred and forty-six, four thousand

For pay of farmer, stipulated in the third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three article of the treaty of the eighteen May, eigh- thousand dollars.

To the six Nations of New York -For percountry, per first clause of fourth article of To the Senecas of New York. - For permatreaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred

and forty-eight, thirty thousand dollars; For payment to the mixed blood, and in per act of the twenty-seventh June, eighteen clause of same article and treaty, forty thou-

For iron and steel for shops, six hundred hundred and forty six, three thousand seven sand dollars; For payment for expenses of removal per To the Sioux of Mississippi -For interest third clause of same article and treaty, twenty thousand dollars;

on three hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the For payments for subsistence for one year treaty of twenty ninth September, eighteen after removal, per fourth clause of same arti-For iron and steel for shop, two hundred hundred and thirty-seven, fifteen thousand cle and treaty, twenty thousand dollars; dollars;
For limited annuity, stipulated in the second For the establishment of a manual labor school, the erection of a grist and saw mill. clause of same article and treaty, fifteen thous-

and dollars; For the payment of improvements on the lands ceded, per eighth clause of same article and treaty, five thousand doliars;

For the services and expenses of a missioner to distribute the half breed fund. two thousand dollars For expenses of a delegation of Indians to

New York Indians.-For payment to the emigrant New York Indians who went west in the year eighteen hundred and forty six nterest on one hundred and fifty-seven thoutheir proportion of the annuities due the Senecas and the Six Nations of New York for stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and that year, to be reimbursed to the United thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred States when recovered from Samuel H. Bunch. late sub-Indian agent, and his sureties, four

To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. - For five cents. permanent annuity, stipulated in the third ar-For compensation to an agent and two inticle of the treaty of the third November, eighterpreters for the Indian tribes of Texas in teen hundred and four, one thousand dollars addition to former appropriations for this ob-For limited annuity, stipulated in the third ject, three thousand dollars; tember, eighteen hundred and thirty-two,

For surveying the northern and western boundary lines of the country now owned by the Creek Indians, fifteen thousand dollars. ROB'T C. WINTHROP, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

G. M. DALLAS. Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate. Approved March 3, 1845. JAMES K. POLK.

TAKEN UP AND COMMITTED TO the Jail of Sampson county, on the 7th inst.
a mulatto boy, who calls himself James Moore and says he was bound to Jon W. Wells of Bruntobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the swick county. James Moore is about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, spare built, and supposed to be seventeen or eighteen years of age. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs. A. B. CHESNUTT Sheriff.

> CAMPHINE! CAMPHINE!! AT 40 cents per gallon. For sale at the Store March 2-[25-tf J. G. BAUMAN.

July 14, 1848-[44-tf

Wonger and bleasing of the Agel
THE MOST EXTRAORDINANT MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.
This Estract is put up in quart bottles; it is six
times changer, pleasanter, and warranted superior
to any sold. It cures without vomiting, purging,
sickening or debilitating the patient. eickening or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sareaparilla over all other medicine is that while it eradicates the disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best SPRING & SUMMER MEDICINES

ever known; it not only purifice the whole system, and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood: a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success it has performed within the last five years more than 100,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 15,000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of mere than 5,000 children during the two past seasons.

10,000 cases of general debility and want of nervous energy. Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their muscular energy by the effects of medicine or indiscretion committed in youth, or the excessive indulgence of the passions, and brought on a general physical prostration of the nervous system, want of ambition, fainting sensations, premature decay and decline, has cal prostration of the nervous system, want of ambition, fainting sensations, premature decay and decline, hastening towards that fatal disease, Consumption, can be entirely restored by this pleasant remedy. This Sarsaparilla is far superior to any Invigorating Cordini. As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity to the limbs, and strength to the muscular system, in a most extraordinary degree.

Consumption Curro.—Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured. Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Ashma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sucats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, 4c., have been and can be cured.

Spitting Blood.

New York, April 28, 1847.

Dr. Townsend—I verily believe that your areaparilla

New York, April 28, 1847.

Dr. Townsend—I verily believe that your arsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quant es of blood, had night sweats, and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city. I raise no blood, and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful

Rheumatism — This is only one of more than four thousand cases of rheumatism that Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla has cured. The most severe and chronic cases are weekly eradicated by its extraordinary vis James Cummings, Esq., one of the assistants in the Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island, is the gentleman

Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island, is the gentleman spoken of in the following letter:

Blackwell's Island, Sept. 14, 1847.

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—I have suffered terribly for nine years with rheumatism; considerable of the time I could not eat, sleep or walk. I had the utmost distressing pains, and my limbs were terribly swollen. I have used four bottles of your Sarsaparilla, & they have done me more than one thousand dollars worth of good. I am so much better—indeed, I am entirely relieved. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted. Yours, respectfully, JAS. CUMMINGS.

Fits I Fits! Fits! Dr. Townsend, not having tested his Sarsaparilla in case of Fits, of course never recommended it, and was surprised to receive the following from an irtelligent and respectable Farmer in Weschester county: Fordham, August 13, 1847.

Dr. Townsend: Dear Sir—I have a little girl seven years of age, who has been several years afflicted with the children in the content of the without the without the content of the property of the course of age, who has been several years afflicted with the content of the course of the course of age, who has been several years afflicted with the course of the course of the course of age, who has been several years afflicted with vears of age, who has been several years afflicted with Firs: we trued almost every thing for her, but without success; at last, although we could find no recommendation in our circulars for cases like hers, we thought, as she was in very delicate health, we would give her some of your Sarsaparilla, and are very glad we did, for it not only restored her strength, but she has had no return of the Fits, to our great pleasure and surprise. She is fast becoming rugged and hearty, for which we feel grateful. Yours, respectfully, JOHN BULLER, if Female Mcdicine. Dr. Townsend's Sarparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for incipent Consumption, barrenness, prolapsus Uteri, costiveness, piles, leucorthea, and for the general prostration of the female system—no matter whether the result of inherent cause or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all we akness and lassitude, from taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of barrenness. years of age, who has been several years afflicted with pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second

ness. It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature to exhibit cartiform. cate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed but we can assure the afflicted, that hundreds of cases ave been reported to us.

To Mothers and Married Ladies. This Ex tract of Sarsaparilla has been expressly prepared in re-ference to female complaints. Indeed this medicine is invaluable for all the delicate diseases to which wonen are subject. It braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies, by removing the inpurities of the body, not so far stimulating as to produ subsequent relaxation, which is the case of most ment cines taken for female weakness and disease. By using a few bottles of this medicine, many severe and painfu Great blessing to Mothers and Children

It is the safest and most effectual medicine for purify-ing the system, and relieving the sufferings attending upon child-birth ever discovered. The great beauty of this medicine is, it is always safe, and the most delicate se it most successfully.

Beauty & Health. Cosmetics, chalk, and va-a riety of preparations generally in use, when applied to the face, very soon spoil it of its ceauty. They close the pores of the skin, and check the circulation, which ine pores of the skin, and check the circulation, which when mature is not thwarted by disease or powder, or the skin inflamed by the alkalies used in s aps, becutifies its own production in the "human face Divine," as well as in the garden of rich and delicately tinted and variegated flowers. A free network in the state of the roundred dollars;
For interest on one million one hundred there is not a free and health a free and he For interest on one million one hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipula- and use cosmetics, and the blood is thick, cold and in

ted in the fourth article of the treaty of the pure, she is not beautiful. If she be brown or yellow to the cheeks, and a brilliancy to the eyes that is fasci nating.

This is why the southern, and especially the Spai

the constitution irritating and inflaming the delicate assues upon which it scrofula Cured. This certificate conclusively acts? So of nervous diseases, of impurity of the blood, or

Three Children. Dn. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrotla by the use of your excellent medicine.—They were afflicted very severely with bad Sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under great obligation.

Beaven forbid that we should deal in an article which Dr. Townsend-Dear Sir: I have the pleasure to infeel myself under great obligation.

This is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the 1 ity of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations in the market.

H. P. FULLING, M. D.
J. WILSON, M. D.
Albany, April 1, 1847.

R. B. BRIGGS, M. D.
Caution. Owing to the great success and immenses sale of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, a number of men who were formerly our Agents, have commenced making Sarsaparilla Extracts, Elixirs, Bitters, Extracts of Yellow Dock, &c. They generally intit up in the same shaped bottles, and some of them have stole and copied our advertisements. They are only worthless imilations, and should be avoided.

Principal Office 126 Fulton Street, Sun Building, N. V. Redding, & Co. State street.

our advertisements. They are tions, and should be avoided.

Principal Office 126 Fulton Street, Sun Building, N. Y.; Redding & Co., S State street, Boston; Dyott & Sons, 132 North Second street, Philadelphia; S. S. Hance, Druggist, Baitimore; P. M. Coleen, Charleston; Wrighth & Co., 151 Chartres street, N. O; 605 South Pearl street, Albany; and by all the principal Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States, West Indies, and the Canadas.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by W.M. H. LIPPITT, Druggist & Chemist, Wilmington, N. C. X Also by J. & W. JOHNSON, Clinton, N. C. June 23, 1848—[41-ty]

West Stomachs and benden, designed and the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal Druggists about the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the best manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the market principal of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the warmen with the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the warmen with the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the warmen systems, should know well the medical properties of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the canada properties of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the canada properties of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the canada properties of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and the canada properties of plants, the persons who manufacture medicine, designed and t

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

(LATE HANOVER HOUSE,)

hundred and seventy-eight dollars and sixty-

and Steamboats, carrying baggage, free, to and HUTCHINS & MASALON January 19, 1849 -[19-1yuoo

The Omnibus will be found ready at the Cars

Law Notice.

THE subscriber has resumed the duties of his profession, and will be found at his office on e corner of Second and Princess streets, Nixon's basement. ED. CANTWELL.

Wilmington, N. C., Merch, 1849. . Having established an Agency in the city of Washington, he is prepared to give prompt attention to all claims for Extra Pay, Mileage, Subsistence, &c., growing out of the late wars with Mexico and Great Britain, and under the various Pensions and Bounty Laws passed to encourage distments in the Regular Army and Volunteer

40 Hhds Superior retailing Sugar daily expec-ted by Schr John Story, from the West Indies,

CAUTION EXTRA A man by the name of CLAPP has engaged with a oung man of the name of S. P. Townsond, and uses his same to put up a Barsaparilla, which they call Dr. Townte. This Townsend is no doctor, and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like. Yet he nes the title of Dr., for the purpose of gaining credit for what he is not. This is to caution the public not to be sceived, and purchase none but the GENUINE ORIGI-MAL OLD Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sursaparilla, having on It the Old Dr's. likeness, his family coat of ar

are across the coat of areas,



D DR. JACOB TOWNSEND THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla. the Hume I ownseme Saffaparinia.

Old Dr. Townsend is now about 70 years of age, and has long been known as the AUTHOR and DISCOVERER of the GENUINE ORIGINAL. "TOWNSEND SAR-SAPARILLA." Being poor, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept out of market, and the sales circumscribed in those only who had proved its worth, and known its value. It had reached the ears of many, nevertheless, as those persons who had been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, proclaimed its excellence and wonderful

HEALING POWER.

Knowing, many nears age, that he had, by his skill

HEALING FOWER.

Knowing many years ego, that he had, by his skill, science and experience, devised an article which would be of incalculable advantage to mankind when the means would be furnished to bring it into universal notice, when its inestimable virtues would be known and appreciated. This time has come, the means are supplied; this GRAND AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION is manufactured on the largest scale, and is called for

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark solored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in solored liquid, which is more from the coloring matter in the root than from any thing else; they can then strain this insipid or vapid fiquit, sweeten with sonr molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SY-RUP." But such is not the article known as the GENUINE OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S

SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared, that all the inert properties of the Barsaparilla root are first removed, every thing capable of becoming acid or of fermentation, is extracted and rejected; then every particle of medical virtue is secured in a pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the Court of the properties. Cure of innumerable discases. Hence the reason why we hear commendations on every side in its favor by men, women, and children. We find it doing wonders in the cure of

SARSAPARILLA.

doing wonders in the cure of CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA, and LIVER COM-PLAINT, and in RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, COSTIVENESS, and CUTANEOUS ERUP-TICNS, PIMPLES, BLOCTHES, and all affections IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD. It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from Indigestion, from Acidity of the Stomach, from unequal circulation, determination of Fiood to the head, palputation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has not its equal in Colds and Coughs; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, elaxing stricture of the lungs, throat, and every other part, But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and

FEMALE COMPLAIN 18.

It works wonders in cases of Fluor Albus or Whites. Fulling of the Womb, Obstructed, Suppressed, or Painful Meases, Irregularity of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is as effectual in curing all the forms of Kidney Diseases. By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of

Nervous diseases and debility, sies, as spinas irritation, Neuraigia, St. Pitas Dance Scooning, Epiceptic Fits, Convalsions, &c. It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalises the circulation of the blood, producing gentle warmth equally all over the body, and the insensible perspiration; relaxes all strictures and tight ness, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire persons asserm. Is not this then

The medicine you pre-eminently need?

ervous system. Is not this then

But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's inferior article? This young man's liquid is not to be COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S, because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPA
BLE of DETERIORATION, and For interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the thirteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-six, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Weas.—For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three thousand dollars.

Menomonies.—For fulfilling treaty with the Menomonies, ratified at the present session of Congress, viz:

For payment to the chiefs to enable them to arrange and settle the affairs of their tribe, preparatory to their removal to their new country, per first clause of fourth article of the second of th

proves that this Sarsaparilia has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the Blood Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

Sow is it not horribee to make and so the blood the blood that the blood is the blood that the blo Now is it not horribic to make and sell, and intuited SOURING, FERMENTING, ACID "COM-

Heaven forbid that we should deal in an article which would bear the most distant resemblance to S. P. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from Physicians in different parts of the Union.

Thus is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the Union.

Thus is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the Union.

Thus is to certify that we, the undersigned, Physicians of the Union.

The state of the Union.

Thus is to certify that we, the undersigned persons cases prescribed the Union of the Union and Physicians in different persons are successful to the Union of the Union o

Remedy within one reach, and to the knowledge of all who need it, that they may learn and know, by joyful experience, in Transcendent Power to Heal. FRONT STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.

THIS HOUSE has lately been re-opened, under the superintendance of the undersigned, who have given it a thorough overhauling, and newly furnished it throughout. They piedge themselves that nothing shall be wanting, on their part, to render the patron satisfied and comfortable.

Their Table and Chambers are as well furnished, and attended on by as faithful servants as can be found in any other Hotel in the Southern States.

The Omnibus will be found ready at the Cars

BED, which I had not done before in ten months, and in less than a week, I week, I well as week, I was the week I was the week I was the week I have some alone from 36 Spruce-street to the Park; thence to Lovejoy's Hotel and back. I have been to 55 Nassau-street two different times, and am now frequently visiting my neighbors. During all this time, I have takes but two bettless of Old Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Oct. 4. I procured another bottle to-day (5th Oct.) I walked twice across the floor without the aid of crutches. I have lass early recovered from obstruction of water, which gave me great distress. The pain in my back has likewise left me. I and my family have no earthly reason to ascribe my recovery to any other cause but to OLD DR. JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

ALEX. WELSH, 36 Spruce-st. ALEX. WELSH, 36 Spruce-st.
P. S.—Several able physicians despaired of my ever walk
ing or even raising myself from my bed again.

Principal Office 109 Nassan-str L. N. Y. City For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

March 2, 1849-[25-1y WHITE LEAD.

Chrome green, dry and in oil; Chrome yellow. Spanish brown, Venetian red, &c. &c. Por sale Druggist and Chemist.

Pure Extra and No. 1, a large lot. Also,